



Resolution United Nations Security Council/I.I

United Nations Security Council

Co-sponsors: People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, People's Republic of China, Kingdom of Denmark, Republic of France, Republic of Guyana, Islamic Republic of Pakistan, State of Palestine, Republic of Panama, Federal Republic of Somalia, Republic of Korea, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America

Topic: The Situation in Sudan

Noting with deep concern the lack of a proper civilian government that is able to provide for its citizens,

Deeply concerned because of the violence created by the rivaling factions of the RSF and SAF and the lack of human awareness for their unlawful actions,

Emphasizing the overwhelming need for international cooperation, awareness, and aid that civilians cannot get themselves,

Fully alarmed by violence against vulnerable groups,

Deeply conscious about the desperate need of humanitarian assistance such as food, water, health care and shelter,

Expressing concern over numerous human rights violations towards the people of Sudan,

Recognizing the lack of stability in Sudan because of the insufficient humanitarian aid and blockage of resources,

Having heard about the interference of numerous countries by providing military weapons to the RSF and SAF, accountability must be taken,

Recognizing the lack of support towards the non-proliferation of illegal weapons,

Addressing the opposing opinions of both parties regarding their governmental structure,

Deeply concerned for the lives that have been taken throughout the conflict,

Emphasizing the need to create a building ground for agreements between all parties and the implementation of them,

Diplomacy and Political Negotiations

1. Supports cooperation between military parties in Sudan by calling a peaceful summit in order to stop the unlawful actions against civilians;
2. Encourages civil education initiatives to maintain global awareness through the media;
3. Endorses the reinstatement of the trusteeship council in order to support Sudan in the transition to a civil government;
4. Further requests for more humanitarian aid and financial support from the international community to aid refugees and displaced persons as well as victims of ethnic and sexual violence;

Violence, Destruction, and Human Rights Against the Civilian of Sudan

5. Emphasizes the need for a UN mission to send peacekeeping troops to create safe spaces in available regions to aid citizens fleeing from active conflict zones;
6. Emphasizing the need for an international summit working starts a plan to protect children and their rights in Sudan;
7. Requests the international criminal court to open investigations and prosecute warring parties responsible for barbaric and significant crimes against humanity;

Conditions for Peace, Accountability, and Stability

8. Calls upon the Trusteeship Council to be reestablished;
9. Encourages the Trusteeship Council to broaden their mission of self-governance to include countries emerging from conflicts;

Governing and Military Affairs

10. Supports the establishment of an arms embargo against war parties in Sudan including the weapons supplied by other countries to reduce conflict and a loss of life;
11. Draws the attention to create a support system for the displaced citizens of Sudan to rely on;
12. Encourages surrounding countries, organizations, and the African Union to guide the RSF and SAF into a peaceful summit of which the goal is to lead to a ceasefire;
13. Recommends for a guided discussion on neutral territory between the RSF and SAF to come to an agreement;
14. Expresses its hope for a conference between the leads of the RSF and SAF for a treat.