



Resolution Human Rights Council/2.1

Human Rights Council Committee

Co-sponsors: Republic of Argentina, Commonwealth of Australia, Republic of Azerbaijan, People's Republic of Bangladesh, Barbados, Republic of Burundi, Kingdom of Cambodia, Central African Republic, Republic of Côte d'Ivoire, Republic of Cuba, Republic of Cyprus, Republic of Finland, Japan, Malaysia, United Mexican States, Kingdom of Morocco, Republic of Mozambique, Republic of the Union of Myanmar, Republic of Panama, Independent State of Papua New Guinea, Republic of Poland, Federal Republic of Somalia, Republic of Korea, Swiss Confederation, Republic of Uganda

Topic: Human Rights and Climate Change

Observing that climate change and natural disasters can vary depending on the region,

Aware of the trauma that climate change victims face globally,

Alarmed by the effects of climate change on future generations globally,

Deeply concerned about housing opportunities and self determination,

Deeply concerned by the lack of sustainable practices regarding climate change globally,

Recognizes the lack of knowledge surrounding climate change,

Aware of the loss of necessary resources such as food, water, and lives due to natural disasters,

Concerned by the threat to human health caused by hurricanes and other natural disasters,

Human Rights Protection of Victims of Climate Change

1. Emphasizes that indigenous voices and ideas should take priority within local climate solution discussions;
2. Endorses the global distribution of health resources to climate change victims, such as medicines and facemasks through governments funds and NGOs;
3. Encourages governments to provide compensation for loss of housing and belongings due to climate change and natural disasters within their country;
4. Calls upon governments to use funds to create protection against natural disasters such as building seawalls;
5. Advises global and local research into sustainable food options for the prevention of climate change;
6. Recommends that areas vulnerable to climate change and natural disasters should be protected by structural barriers;
7. Reaffirms that collaborative action needs to be taken in order to lessen the effects of climate change and natural disasters worldwide by the donation of resources and global and local aid;
8. Expresses its hope that in the near future, the global population will be aware of the situation about the victims of climate change through public education programs;

Protection Against Natural Disasters

9. Calls upon member states to build safety structures around places such as farms that are supplied with needed resources such as food or water;
10. Recommends the creation of natural disaster shelters in areas vulnerable to climate change;
11. Supports the further funding of natural disaster warning systems that utilize sirens and internet warnings alerts;
12. Encourages neighboring countries will supply resources to those affected by natural disasters;
13. Invites the creation of an NGO that will fund and build clean water systems in countries facing drought;
14. Encourages the creation of natural disaster education in schools globally;
15. Calls upon member states to provide funding for green urbanization in rural areas;
16. Suggests that all countries prepare for natural disasters in advance;

How Climate Change Affects Future Generations and Possible Solutions

17. Emphasizes that it will take global cooperation to solve the growing issues of climate change for future generations to thrive;
18. Encourages wells, and watersheds to be built in rural areas to aid in giving accessible water to all;
19. Considers integrating education about climate change and its effects on human rights into school curriculums, so all can understand the way climate change affects everyone;
20. Recommends accessible NGOs to provide resources to migrants who immigrated due to climate change;
21. Strongly encourages to expand “refugee definition” to include climate displacement;
22. Urges countries that emit high global emissions to go carbon-neutral to have a healthier climate
23. Directs member states to raise awareness about climate change and its effects on animals through a collective social media platform;
24. Calls upon paper companies to replace regular paper to bamboo paper to reduce deforestation;

Sustainable Practices

25. Acknowledges the need to reduce the use of fossil fuels globally;
26. Suggests the production of architecture that can withstand climate disasters in countries that are more vulnerable to climate change;
27. Encourages that an NGO is created for wilderness clean up in beaches, national parks, forests, etc;
28. Emphasizes the need for research on sustainable practices such as clean energy and early disaster response systems;
29. Expresses its hope that renewable energy will become normal by 2040 with funding from the U.N.;
30. Reaffirms the need to integrate access to clean water into climate solutions;
31. Calls upon Non-Governmental organizations to integrate climate-related curriculums into schools globally;
32. Further requests the reinforcement of previous and existing climate treaties world wide.