



## **Resolution United Nations Security Council/2.1**

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### **United Nations Security Council Committee**

**Co-sponsors: People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, People's Republic of China, Kingdom of Denmark, Republic of France, Hellenic Republic, Republic of Guyana, Islamic Republic of Pakistan, The State of Palestine, Republic of Panama, Russian Federation, Republic of Sierra Leone, Republic of Slovenia, Federal Republic of Somalia, Republic of Korea, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America**

### **Topic: Effective Multilateralism and the Principles of the Charter of the United Nations**

Deeply concerned by the imbalance of power within the Security Council,

Keeping in mind the impact the veto power has among member states in the UN,

Acknowledging that multilateralism in the UN is ineffective,

Bearing in mind that smaller and developing countries are treated unfairly by receiving an insufficient amount of resources and power,

Bearing in mind the fundamental principles embedded in the charter of the UN,

Noting with deep concern the growing fragmentation of international cooperation, the rise of unilateral actions, and the increasing challenges to rule-based international order,

Deploing the use of unilateral sanctions enforced in violation of the UN Charter,

Recognizing that multilateralism and the UN Charter are disregarded worldwide,

Keeping in mind the need of education on the UN Charter and multilateralism,

Alarmed by the lack of resources in relation to the UN for schools,

### **Achieving Effective Multilateralism**

1. Calls upon the UN to create awareness programs about developing countries to allow supporting nations to assist them with fundamental needs;
2. Encourages the Security Council to work closer with the General Assembly to strengthen the voice of member states with less power during negotiation and decision making;
3. Emphasizes the need of effective multilateralism by countries clearly communicating among one another during all international conferences;
4. Strongly encourages the UN and NGOs to contribute to the reconstruction of conflict zones by supplying resources;
5. Invites the UN to create organizations based on geographical locations which support countries in need;

### **Reformation of The Security Council**

6. Encourages the granting of voting power to observing states in the UN;
7. Emphasizes the need for all powers to have a spot on the Security Council;
8. Instructs for a 97% General Assembly vote to override a veto in the Security Council;
9. Endorses the need for equal responsibility among member states in the UN;

### **Education of Multilateralism and the UN Charter**

10. Recommends educating youth on cooperation in all nations to teach a new subject;
11. Underlines the need to strengthen regional continental cooperation by UN and NGOs funding of youth activities;
12. Further invites all nations to attend the annual global pledging summit;
13. Calls upon middle and high schools all around the world to provide a Model UN class;
14. Invites schools of all nations to educate teachers and students on multilateralism and the UN Charter;
15. Supports funding from the UN and NGOs to developing nations;

### **Enforcement of the UN Charter**

16. Calls upon all member states to abide by fundamental principles of the UN Charter;
17. Urges members states to resolve disputes and disagreements through diplomatic dialogue;
18. Calls all member states to have a voice through political equality in the Security Council;
19. Recommends an annual summit reaffirming the Charter

20. Requests that all countries participate equally in global governance and have equal development rights and interests.