



Resolution Human Rights Council/2.1

Human Rights Council

Co-sponsors: Republic of Albania, People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, Republic of Austria, Republic of Botswana, Federative Republic of Brazil, Republic of Cameroon, People's Republic of China, Republic of Colombia, Republic of Croatia, Kingdom of Denmark, Republic of Ecuador, Arab Republic of Egypt, Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia, Republic of Guyana, Hungary, Republic of India, Republic of Lebanon, Republic of Malta, Mongolia, Republic of the Niger, Republic of Paraguay, Republic of the Philippines, Republic of South Africa, Republic of Tajikistan, Republic of Turkey, Republic of Uzbekistan, Republic of Yemen, Republic of Zambia

Topic: Human Rights and Climate Change

Alarmed by the deadly impact of climate change shown by the increase in natural disasters and the amount of people it affects,

Deeply concerned about how the global population is extremely vulnerable to climate change and natural disasters and its impact on urban communities/areas,

Alarmed by the output of harmful energy sources from more powerful nations,

Taking into consideration the lack of warning systems and evacuation protocols/routes,

Aware of the absence of sustainable shelter systems,

Recognizing that climate change exacerbates violations of the rights to life, health, food, water, and adequate housing,

Cognizant of the fact that people who have been affected by natural disasters often are deprived of basic human rights,

Acknowledging the effects of climate change on both certain occupations and people such as indigenous, women, and children, and how it negatively impacts working and living conditions,

Climate Protection and Prevention

1. Calls upon developed nations to provide adequate climate finance and technology transfer to developing countries;
2. Advises implementing funding sources to help displaced people of low income and poverty caused by climate change;
3. Endorses the use of hybrid and electric vehicles;
4. Affirms the principle of climate justice and equity and calls for recognition of the disproportionate impact of climate change on developing nations;
5. Suggests adding fines or taxes on powerful nations that supply dangerous amounts of chemical waste and gas emissions;
6. Requests that corporations disclose climate-related risks and impacts on human rights in their operations;

Educating About Climate Change

7. Calls for the creation of spaces where people can understand environmental challenges and learn simple ways to adapt like saving energy, using resources responsibly, and protecting the surroundings;
8. Endorses government-led programs to educate people about climate change and expresses its appreciation for people who have helped educate about climate change;

Aid After Natural Disasters

9. Calls for a comprehensive lifecycle protection system, digital supervision, and regional labor standardization for migrants affected by climate change;
10. Requests for member states to establish protection/aid programs for migrants and communities affected by climate change that provide food, shelter, water, and medical care;

Climate Change and Social Security

11. Promotes the use of bio-based materials and eco-friendly sources of energy such as solar and wind and further recommends the implementation of other low-carbon energy sources, such as nuclear, to help facilitate transitions towards green energy;
12. Encourages countries to take into consideration the job security and working conditions of their citizens when making decisions concerning climate change;

13. Authorizes member states to implement nation-specific plans in order to balance climate action and national priorities, such as reducing greenhouse gases.