



## Resolution GA/1/1.1

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### General Assembly First Committee

**Co-sponsors:** Republic of Argentina, Canada, Republic of Croatia, Republic of Cuba, Arab Republic of Egypt, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of India, State of Libya, Republic of India, State of Nigeria, Republic of the Philippines, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Republic of South Africa, Republic of the Sudan, Ukraine, and United States of America.

### Topic: Reduction of military budgets

Bearing in mind that countries are refusing to cooperate with their treaties,

Fully alarmed that governmental organizations are not getting funded,

Deeply concerned that countries are not joining organizations like the UN,

Bearing in mind that military budgets are consistently rising in amount,

Aware of the need for higher-quality technology,

Acknowledging the fact that military expenditures are affecting countries' growth,

Bearing in mind that in 2023 global military spending reached 2.24 trillion and seeking ways to reduce those numbers and allocate them towards the overall development of the country,

Convinced that countries spend large amounts of money on weapons, even though there is no current war happening in that country, and, as a result, education, food, and other factors are not applied to every single child,

Deeply concerned about how countries disagree and create conflicts due to the policies and conditions of military budget transparency,

### Implementations

- I. Strongly encourages nations to stay with their treaties;

2. Urges nations to consistently fund organizations and committees such as NATO, European Union, FAO, DISEC, SOCHUM, WHO, and the UN Security Council;
3. Also calls for the prevention of organizations like the UN from disappearing through advertising, AI, technology, and productivity;

### **Reallocation and Reduction of Military Budgets**

4. Encourages countries to exercise restraint on military budgets;
5. Urges all nations to reduce military spending through budgeting;
6. Calls for the relocation of military budgets, with the reallocated money to be used for more modern technology development;
7. Further recommends cutting down defense budgets to improve education quality;

### **Implementations**

8. Acknowledging the fact that sharing military budgets with other countries reinforced trust between them;
9. Urges the creation of a military budget reduction treaty;
10. Requests UN member states to agree to gradually reduce military spending at an even rate;
11. Draws the attention of other respective countries to maintain a healthy relationship instead of war;
12. Further invites UN countries to increase transparency between countries so they do not have to raise military budgets and can focus on other needs;

### **Transparency, Relationships, and Trust between Countries**

13. Calls for help to create more schools and increase standards of education;
14. Calls upon the reform of the Security Council for the limitation of the Veto Power;
15. Encourages a greater transparency in military data;
16. Draws attention to how much money could be spent on education and food instead;
17. Invites countries to reduce their military spending;
18. Urges countries to follow and respect their treaties and agreements to promote peace;
19. Accepting the spending of 2% or less of GDP to meet NATO guidelines.