



Resolution United Nations Security Council/2.1

United Nations Security Council Committee

Co-sponsors: People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, Republic of Ecuador, Republic of France, Cooperative Republic of Guyana, Japan, Republic of Malta, Republic of Mozambique, Russian Federation, Republic of Sierra Leone, Republic of Slovenia, Republic of Korea, Swiss Federation, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Topic: The Question of Palestine

Alarmed by the poverty rates in Palestine and the lack of government, structure, sustainability, and stability,

Deeply concerned by the amount of displaced Palestinians and the lack of humanitarian aid,

Taking into account the lack of clarity of designated political leaders, parties, and parliament,

Concerned by the many innocent Israeli and Palestinian citizens whose lives are exposed and impacted by open warfare,

Deeply concerned by the growing rate of fatalities and the dire humanitarian situation,

Alarmed by the lack of permanent cease fires, the refugee crisis, and illegal territorial annexation,

Taking into account past UN efforts and resolutions regarding this topic,

Keeping in mind the religious and cultural importance of different populations and structures in the region,

Aware of the native Palestinians in the region,

Government

1. Supports a two-state solution between Israel and Palestine, the end of all physical conflicts, official and unofficial, facilitated by Peacekeepers from the UN;
2. Calls for construction of suitable living spaces for all Palestinian refugees;

Poverty, Settlements, and Refugees

1. Calls upon the UN to provide humanitarian aid and assist in Palestine's reconstruction;
2. Strongly encourages that SDG 16 is followed in all UN Palestine-Israel discussions;
3. Requests the UN to provide mental and psychiatric support to victims of the conflict;

Possible Global and Regional Solutions Involving Borders

1. Calls for multiple summits to discuss the two-state solution based on splitting the territory equally between the two states while leaving Jerusalem as an international region;
2. Further recommends that all border advances from Israel stop and reallocate stolen territory to Palestine;
3. Encourages agreements aiming to enforce consequences if Israel continues to steal Palestinian territory such as economic punishments or military sanctions;
4. Condemns the violent actions of all parties;

Fatalities and Humanitarian Aid

1. Condemns the indiscriminate killing of civilians by Hamas and the Israeli government and encourages negotiations and peace treaties to stop this;
2. Requests medical and financial aid in Gaza;
3. Draws the attention of the media towards the tragic loss of life and encourages awareness campaigns.