



Resolution United Nations Security Council/I.I

United Nations Security Council Committee

Co-sponsors: People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, Republic of Ecuador, Republic of France, co-operative Republic of Guyana, Japan, Republic of Malta, Republic of Mozambique, Republic of Sierra Leone, Republic of Slovenia, Swiss Federation, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Topic: Use of the veto

Taking into consideration the amount of times the veto has been used in the past inadequately for personal political gain,

Recognizing the importance of equity and representation,

Acknowledging past UN actions towards the use of the veto in the UNSC,

Emphasizing the importance of restricting the veto power,

Bearing in mind the political instability post World War II when the veto was established which made it harder for the Global South to get representation,

Considering the impact of the veto on the effectiveness of the UN's mission of maintaining global peace,

Acknowledging the fact that the P5 does not equally represent every country in the UN

and are the only members which have access to the veto power,

Fully aware that different countries have different policies,

Keeping in mind that the veto is used differently in situations that contrast each other,

Acknowledging the Sustainable Development Goals 16 and 17,

New Measures on the Veto (Restrictions and Abolishment)

1. Encourages allowing a simple majority of the E10 to overturn the veto;
2. Expresses the need for a Security Council Code of Conduct;

Representation and Public Equality

1. Urges countries with veto power to not use it in the face of mass atrocities or credible draft resolutions;
2. Thoroughly recommends the addition of five permanent seats to the UNSC consisting of two African Nations, two South American Nations, and one Asian Nation plus the addition of five non-permanent seats to ensure a global perspective through the media;
3. Considers the effects that additional seats would cause and proposes the gradual transition of adding seats;

Transparency

1. Strongly encourages dialogic meetings to ensure the discussion of transparency and accountability;
2. Encourages countries to start initiatives with unbiased countries to discuss if the veto is being used for political interests or the global communities;

International Law (Impact on Global Peace and Security)

1. Suggests nation representatives to study international frameworks to not overstep other countries' policies;
2. Encourages the members of the UNSC to take into account sovereignty.