



## Resolution World Health Organization/I.I

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### World Health Organization Committee

**Co-sponsors:** Federative Republic of Brazil, Republic of Burundi, Canada, Republic of Chad, Republic of Chile, People's Republic of China, Republic of Colombia, Republic of Côte d'Ivoire, Czech Republic, Republic of Ecuador, Arab Republic of Egypt, State of Eritrea, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of Guinea, Co-operative Republic of Guyana, Republic of Indonesia, Republic of Madagascar, Kingdom of Norway, Republic of Panama, Republic of Philippines, Republic of Poland, Russian Federation, Republic of South Africa, Republic of Korea, Republic of the Sudan, Kingdom of Tonga, United States of America, Republic of Uzbekistan.

#### **Topic: Universal health coverage**

Bearing in mind that not having proper healthcare education is affecting the worlds ability to having universal health coverage,

Acknowledging that the world needs to be able to finance and educate healthcare workers,

Aware of the amount of countries that do not have the proper resources to provide the proper healthcare to their people,

Noting with deep concern that some cannot afford the healthcare and resources they need,

Aware of the limited amount of medical supplies and that lowering medical expenses is challenging,

Contemplating the amount of work it takes in order to build medical providers such as hospitals and acknowledging the fact that financing, funding, and affordability are key factors in Universal Healthcare,

#### **Education**

1. Recommends educated healthcare providers to teach newer workers healthcare;
2. Calls upon governments to fund the building of medical schools for workers-in-training;
3. Considers establishments advertising proper healthcare education to get more citizens to apply for medical school;

4. Emphasizes a system where government officials offer medical classes to students to clear misinformation;

### **Making Resources Affordable and Accessible**

5. Proclaims that the countries that do not have the resources they need could join with other countries and organizations that can help fund and manufacture the resources they may need;
6. Calls upon charities to donate and advocate for the countries and people who do not have the resources for basic healthcare;
7. Further recommends that countries with higher incomes donate resources to other countries so they can expand their health system in rural areas;
8. Considers that wealthier countries should work together to create more vaccination programs for everyone;
9. Requests that organizations help countries strengthen their medical infrastructure through clean energy;

### **Accessible Infrastructure and Health Systems**

10. Approves adding advanced medical technology to less developed areas;
11. Requests for more medical supplies and donations from governments and organizations to be given to public hospitals in need;

### **Financing, Funding, and Affordability**

12. Encourages countries to lower their prices for their citizens by governmental investing;
13. Requests more donations for better supplies from global organizations;
14. Supports mass production in medicine when most needed;
15. Urges more countries to join Universal Healthcare so that less people are in poverty, and larger hospitals can be built;
16. Suggests governments give hospitals that either do well in certain areas (such as reducing infant mortality) or are in financial hardships additional funding;
17. Further requests pharmaceutical powerhouses to help all countries learn how to make medical resources more affordable.