



Resolution UN WOMEN/2.1

UN WOMEN Committee

Co-sponsors: Islamic Republic of Afghanistan, Republic of Belarus, Republic of Botswana, Republic of Burundi, Canada, Republic of Colombia, Union of the Comoros, Republic of Croatia, Dominican Republic, Republic of Estonia, Republic of France, Gabonese Republic, Hellenic Republic, Republic of Guinea-Bissau, Co-operative Republic of Guyana, Iceland, Republic of India, State of Israel, Japan, Republic of Kiribati, Kingdom of Lesotho, Republic of Liberia, Republic of Madagascar, Republic of Maldives, United Mexican States, Republic of Mozambique, Republic of Nicaragua, Independent State of Papua New Guinea, Republic of Paraguay, Republic of the Philippines, Republic of Poland, Portuguese Republic, Republic of Singapore, Slovak Republic, Republic of South Africa, Republic of Vanuatu, Republic of Zambia

Topic: Women's meaningful participation in peace processes

Alarmed by the underrepresentation of women in peace processes,

Referring to international organizations to provide aid for this issue,

Expecting international cooperation to help women get more involved in peace processes,

Deeply concerned by the amount of organizations not involved in women's empowerment,

Alarmed by the effect of gender inequality in the past peace processes,

Aware of the exclusion of women in peace processes,

Recognizing the need of women to take action,

Having devoted attention to possible solutions for the recurring issue,

Acknowledging some nations and organizations will not be open to cooperation with women in the peace process,

Emphasizing the need for qualified women in the peace process,

Deeply concerned by the difference between men and women in gender equality,

Fully aware that gender inequality is deeply embedded in our society and many qualified women do not have the same opportunity to be a part of the peace processes,

Bearing in mind that many women do not have equal access to education internationally,

Having studied that if women participate in all aspects of politics the economy will improve substantially,

Fully aware that promoting gender equality through education is not only a necessary condition but also an important strategy for dividing economic and social development,

Deeply concerned about the lack of job opportunities in rural areas,

Aid from international cooperation and organizations dedicated to women's peace processes:

1. Calls upon international P.R.E, which stands for Preservation, Reinforcement and Extension, if not put into place gender quotas will be provided;
2. Calls for international Non Governmental Organizations to provide mentors and funds to women interested in the involvement of peace procedures;
3. Encourages member states to work together in order to empower women with resources such as local funds and educational programs;
4. Expresses its hope that member states will take action to include women in peace processes;
5. Further invites organizations to help fund aid workshops for women's peace processes;
6. Recommends organizations to do this process internationally;
7. Further recommends member states to support these processes and agendas on these issues;

Encouraging and empowering women in peace processes:

8. Expresses the importance of the inclusion of women by having women in more peace agreements in leadership roles;
9. Urges respect towards women;
10. Change the structure that have perpetuated the exclusion of women in peace processes;
11. Calls upon the full support of countries towards organizations such as the Convention of Elimination of all forms of Discrimination against women (Cedaw);
12. Adopt and promote women's participation in all stages of the conflict cycle;

13. Further invites international and local funds to empower women through digital campaigns and social media platforms;
14. Reminds member states that women's participation in peace process is a vital step to peace and equality;

Enhancing women's leadership positions in peace processes internationally:

15. Encourages member states to collaborate to provide women equal opportunities in leadership roles;
16. Further invites nations to fund women who want to enter the peace process;
17. Draws the attention to the number of women in the peace process that are turned down jobs;
18. Strongly urges nations to support women in all stages of the peace process including in conflict areas;
19. Calls upon nations to provide security to women specifically in the peace process;
20. Emphasizes the need for female negotiators and mediators worldwide;
21. Requests international goals and funding to be sent regarding women in leadership and peace processes;

Providing education and equal opportunities for women:

22. Calls upon the implementation of gender equality topics in educational centers to teach children the importance of this issue and the necessity to solve it immediately;
23. Support schools to hold lectures and release advertisements for women;
24. Acknowledges the importance of scholarships and female-led programs for future generations;
25. Encourages women to express the importance of equal education;
26. Adopts cooperative plans to provide adequate protection and obtain justice for women;
27. Recommends that schools appropriately reduce the social norms of men having better access to education and considers the need for education for all;
28. Consider giving women the opportunity to experience firsthand the significance of participating in the peace process.

