



Resolution UN WOMEN/2.1

MS UN WOMEN A Committee

Co-sponsors: The Republic of Argentina, Republic of Austria, Barbados, Kingdom of Belgium, Belize, Republic of Benin, Kingdom of Bhutan, Negara Brunei Darussalam, Republic of Chad, Republic of Chile, Czech Republic, Arab Republic of Egypt, State of Eritrea, Republic of The Gambia, Grenada, Republic of Guinea, Hungary, Republic of Italy, Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, Republic of Latvia, Malaysia, Republic of Moldova, Mongolia, Kingdom of Morocco, Kingdom of the Netherlands, New Zealand, Islamic Republic of Pakistan, State of Qatar, Republic of Rwanda, Republic of South Sudan, Republic of Türkiye, and the United Arab Emirates.

Topic: Women's Meaningful Participation in Peace Processes

Further acknowledging the fact that women globally are dealing with a lack of leadership roles due to a lack of education and life incidents,

Taking into account the need for resources surrounding women's meaningful participation in the peace process in countries in need,

Aware of the discrimination women face while joining the peace process,

Recognizes the need for statistics and information regarding women's involvement in the peace process,

Acknowledging international cooperation is not fully complete,

Noting with deep concern that SDG 5, gender equality, will not be reached by 2030 due to one reason: women being declined positions of leadership,

Expresses the hope that world organizations are able to create programs to teach women about working in peace processes,

Deeply concerned by the exclusion of women and lack of opportunities for women in peace processes,

Acknowledging the need for networking opportunities for women in peace processes,

Fully aware that women may not be comfortable in peace processes due to discrimination and unfamiliarity,

Noting with regret that there are few opportunities for female leaders internationally,

Acknowledging the benefits of women's involvement in peace processes,

Fully alarmed by the lack of leadership education towards women in comparison to men,

Noting with concern the amount of discrimination that women face in the government,

Women's involvement in the peace process

1. Calls upon the use of gender quotas to ensure a set number of women in government;
2. Endorses countries to create empowerment initiatives to support women and advocate for their rights;
3. Recommends the documentation of all genders' perspectives on topics before peace decisions are made;
4. Emphasizes the need of a progress system to ensure the number of women in government increase, by the use of annual summits;
5. Urges member states to create community centers to provide leadership training for women;

Networks for women

6. Authorizes the use of educational peace programs to teach women and girls about governmental policies;
7. Encourages supporting female-centric networks that encourage women to play a greater role in peace-making;
8. Further recommends countries to hold seminars to advertise the opportunities that women have in peacemaking career paths;
9. Calls upon member states with access to the internet to create websites where females leaders share their experiences in peace processes;
10. Emphasizes the need for safe spaces for women to have their voices heard in peace processes;
11. Welcomes countries to create and apply more scholarship opportunities for young women who want to participate in the peace process;

Education for women in the peace process

12. Further invites member states to assist countries in need in educating women on the peace process;
13. Urges organizations to make resources, such as funding and programs, available for women to learn about the peace process;
14. Further recommends educating children from an early age to eradicate discrimination between the genders;
15. Support countries in their development of continuing to endorse women's rights, interests, and participation;
16. Further requests the creation of an NGO to annually report on the availability and effectiveness of education regarding women in the peace process;
17. Supports international organizations to fight for education for women in the peace process;
18. Empowers women to not be restricted by negative social effects;

Cooperation

19. Encourages governments to create new laws to create equal pay between all workers;
20. Recommends an increase for women's equal pay if it does not improve within a set amount of years;
21. Calls for an annual international summit to discuss world cooperation for gender equality/inequality;
22. Encourages companies to give women equal opportunities in higher positions;
23. Further recommends that member states make quality reports on the pay of both men and women internationally for a deeper understanding of the improvement over time;
24. Calls upon member states to partner with support programs to help women continue their schooling.