



## **Resolution Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations/I.I**

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### **Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations - Sustainable Development**

**Co-sponsors:** People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, Republic of Argentina, Republic of Armenia, Canada, Republic of Costa Rica, Republic of Croatia, Republic of Cuba, Republic of Cyprus, Arab Republic of Egypt, Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia, Republic of Fiji, Republic of the Gambia, Federal Republic of Germany, Hellenic Republic, Grenada, Republic of Honduras, Republic of Indonesia, Japan, Republic of Kenya, United Mexican States, Republic of Mozambique, Kingdom of the Netherlands, Federal Republic of Nigeria, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Slovak Republic, Republic of Slovenia, Federal Republic of Somalia, Republic of Korea, Republic of Uganda, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Republic of Yemen.

#### **Topic: Corporate environmental responsibility**

Considering investing into eco-friendly raw materials,

Acknowledging countries may have to incentivise companies to make sustainable changes,

Alarmed by climate change and carbon emissions,

Recognizing the need to transition towards renewable energy,

Aware of climate change and the damages corporations cause,

Bearing in mind the destruction and pollution of rural environments by corporations misusing unsustainable materials,

Acknowledging that informing the general public is important,

**Incentivize Companies to better Respect the Environment by offering Tax Breaks and other Incentives**

1. Urges companies to join CEO water mandates;
2. Encourages the lowering of taxes on sustainable products and Green Companies in developed countries;
3. Emphasizes the idea of rewarding and offering tax breaks to companies that are participating in eco-friendly practices;
4. Strongly supports fining companies that are illegally harming the environment;
5. Further invites member states to join the EMC so businesses can be provided with raw materials;

### **Sustainable Energy and Natural Resources**

6. Encourages sustainable practices in daily life, such as using clean energy and the Three R's (Reduce, Reuse, and Recycle);
7. Encourages an international framework for companies to commit to specific measurable environmental goals;
8. Calls for companies to promote sustainability;
9. Instructs cleaner production processes, reducing harm to the environment;
10. Emphasizes countries and companies to take action, by implementing green energy;
11. Invites companies to be more responsible in the use of natural resources;

### **Lowering Pollution made by Corporate Environmental Responsibility**

12. Strongly encourages member states to adopt carbon taxes to hold companies responsible, as well as offering companies tax breaks for the use of sustainable processes and materials;
13. Supports updated technology and its importance for the sustainable use of energy;
14. Urges member states to further enforce policies regarding cleaning public land and bodies of water;
15. Emphasizes the need to reforest and preserve large swaths of woodland that have been subject to deforestation;
16. Calls for governments to make regulations to protect bio diverse areas and the animals living within them;

### **Promotion of Technology, Education, and Research about Corporate Responsibility**

17. Endorses the observation of the knowledge of the general public concerning corporate environmental responsibility through surveys to improve the education system;
18. Urges countries to establish greener and more circular economies;
19. Supports research for all countries, now and in the future;
20. Affirms the concept of countries investing and focusing on greener technology;

21. Invites schools to inform students about a greener and more sustainable world and inform them about the policies and decisions of the countries, so the next generation can be prepared to form their own decisions and opinions.