



Resolution GA/3/I.1

General Assembly Third Committee

Co-sponsors: Federative Republic of Brazil, Canada, Central African Republic, Republic of Chad, People's Republic of China, Arab Republic of Egypt, Republic of Finland, Gabonese Republic, Grenada, Republic of Guatemala, Hungary, Republic of India, Jamaica, Libya, United Mexican States, Kingdom of Morocco, Republic of Poland, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Republic of South Africa, Republic of Kenya, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Socialist Republic of Viet Nam

Topic: Countering the use of information and communications technologies for criminal purposes

Alarmed by the recent increase of cybercrime,

Aware of the lack of cybersecurity and the need of a forum to discuss and share ideas and approaches, and a law enforcement agency dedicated to catching cybercriminals,

Educational Initiatives to Increase Digital Literacy / Raise Awareness

1. Introduces the gradual transition of contemporary educational systems due to the lack of digital literacy;

Open Source Initiatives

2. Calls upon all nations to establish and adopt an international cybersecurity standard for both their respective governments and firms by supporting the use of firewalls and encryption;
3. Urges for the creation of a separate organization underneath the UN dedicated to combating cybercrime;

Promotion of Cyber Law

4. Recommends a global collaboration between nations and organizations to further make collective advancements in cybersecurity;

5. Further invites all nations to create platforms to negotiate prosecutions as cybercrime transcends territorial borders;

Global Connectivity in the Digital World

6. Calls for UN subsidization of cybersecurity companies making advancements in their fields; and
7. Declares a renewed commitment to reinforcing digital infrastructure to be more resilient and reliable in the event of a cyberattack and to adapt to our rapidly digitizing world.