

Resolution GA/2/2.1

General Assembly Second Committee

Co-sponsors: Commonwealth of the Bahamas, People's Republic of Bangladesh, Republic, Republic of Cameroon, Republic of Chad, Republic of Costa Rica, Republic of Croatia, Republic of Ghana, Japan, Libya, Republic of Lithuania, United Mexican States, Republic of Mozambique, Republic of the Union of Myanmar, New Zealand, Republic of the Philippines, Republic of South Africa, Republic of Korea, Syrian Arab Republic, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Republic of Zimbabwe.

Topic: Implementation of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa

Alarmed by the lack of water which can cause desertification,

Fully concerned about how desertification can affect the crops,

Affirming the need for water for life,

Reaffirming the success of the UNCCD to combat desertification and improve food security,

Deeply concerned about the over-exploitation of provided resources,

Alarmed by the amount of deforestation contributing to desertification around the world,

Nothing with regret the amount of overuse and urbanization of land,

Expressing concern over the lack of awareness in education and media on the topic of desertification,

Deeply concerned about the over-exploitation of provided resources in agriculture,

Alarmed by the amount of deforestation contributing to desertification around the world,

Noting with regret the amount of overuse and urbanization of land,

Expressing concern over the lack of awareness in education and media on the topic of desertification,

Deeply concerned by the levels of deforestation leading to erosion,

Taking into account that location could contribute to loss of habitat and loss in biodiversity in areas,

Fully aware that a lack of land caretakers could lead to spill infertility,

Bearing in mind that causes of deforestation like climate change and pollution amount to natural hazards like droughts and sandstorms, further affecting livelihoods and security of jobs,

Food Security

- I. Approves the careful conservation of water from lands by the use of sustainable technology;
- 2. Recommends the purification of unclean water;
- 3. Calls for food conservation;
- 4. Encourages developed countries' governments to provide financial aid and assist countries that suffer from desertification;

Contributing human factors to desertification

- 5. Expresses its hope for the use of sustainable irrigation systems;
- 6. Endorses laws against exploitation of natural resources;
- 7. Requests able nations to implement crop rotation into farming practices;
- 8. Encourages countries to label dry zones in their land to draw attention towards them;
- 9. Condemns the use of harmful pesticides that damage the soil;
- 10. Instructs the use of reforestation to combat desertification;
- II. Suggests able countries to carefully practice cloud seeding in areas that are prone to desertification and droughts;

Economic Effects

- 12. Suggests the need to conserve resources for international trade;
- 13. Calls for NGOs to provide jobs to those affected by desertification;

Natural causes, effects, and how to stop it

- 14. Emergency water storage to distribute water appropriately for agricultural and industrial use;
- 15. Encourages the introduction of new technology and practices to help farmers fight desertification;
- 16. Draws the attention to human-induced reforestation to combat desertification;

- 17. Strongly advises reusing products (alternative plants) and recycling to advocate sustainability;
- 18. Introduced the idea of a protected area to maintain biodiversity in key areas;
- 19. Further invites improved injection systems and more sustainable and responsible agriculture;
- 20. Calls for international cooperation to share knowledge and data to help countries suffering from desertification.