

Resolution GA/3/2.1

Social, Humanitarian, and Cultural Second Committee

Co-sponsors: Kingdom of Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Republic of Cameroon, Union of the Comoros, Republic of Cyprus, Dominican Republic, Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of Italy, Japan, State of Kuwait, Republic of Liberia, Republic of Lithuania, United Mexican States, Kingdom of Morocco, Kingdom of the Netherlands, Republic of Nicaragua, Republic of Paraguay, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, republic of Senegal, Republic of Serbia, Republic of Korea, United Arab emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Republic of Zimbabwe

Topic: Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms - the right to privacy in the digital age

Noting with deep concern that there are large numbers of data breaches,

Fully aware of the increasing numbers of malware attacks,

Deeply concerned by the illegal selling of data,

Realizing the overwhelming quantities of private, stolen information,

Realizing that illegal monitoring has caused problems worldwide,

Alarmed by the companies stealing users' personal information,

Noting with deep concern that social media platforms are showing inappropriate content,

Alarmed by the number of people that are able to see personal data online,

Aware of economic losses in the digital world,

Misuses of Personal Data for Criminal Purposes

1. Invites member states to help secure personal data by making security systems;

February 2024 Montessori Model United Nations Conference New York City

- Encourages member states to create a response team funded by developed member states;
- 3. Adopts the idea of more secure website by making firewalls;
- 4. Considers the idea of programming filters;
- 5. Urges member states to educate citizens on protecting personal data online;
- 6. Encourages member states to establish cyber security laws;
- 7. Draws attention to digital security programs to specifically protect personal data;

Illegal Monitoring

- 8. Calls upon cyber-developed member states to create technology that can identify illegal monitoring;
- 9. Encourages the use of VPNs to protect privacy from illegal monitoring;
- 10. Encourages an agreement that prevents governments from illegal/mass surveillance;
- II. Considers holding a summit to educate the civilians in cybersafety;
- Urges member states to collaborate with technology companies to enhance firewalls/anti-virus technologies;
- Encourages educating children in school about the importance of cybersafety and how to prevent cybercrime;

Social Media and Company Policies

- 14. Encourages parents / guardians to restrict their children from inappropriate content;
- 15. Strongly advises digital platforms to put up firewalls;
- 16. Advises apps and websites to not have access to personal information without consent;
- 17. Requests that individuals make their personal information harder to access by using harder passwords like biometrics checks and multi-factor authentication;
- 18. Instruct people to be careful with what they put on social media;
- 19. Calls upon companies to make more of this content kid-friendly;
- 20. Draws attention to companies not following their policies to have to pay a fine;

Building on Existing Privacy Laws

- 21. Calls upon governments to enforce existing privacy laws;
- 22. Strongly advises governments to create laws to have companies create firewalls for protection online;

- 23. Encourages people to recreate the Budapest convention on a mutually agreed location to prevent cybercrime and bring together countries to create an international solution to digital privacy protection and share new technologies;
- 24. Invites member states to enhance law enforcement capabilities;
- 25. Calls upon countries to make additional laws on digital privacy and enforce them;
- 26. Promote cybersecurity in education to help youth protect themselves from possible attacks;
- 27. Suggests that people should change their passwords, user or log-in names occasionally to prevent hacking.