



Resolution GA/2/I.1

General Assembly Second Committee

Co-sponsors: People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, Republic of Argentina, Republic of Austria, People's Republic of Bangladesh, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Federative Republic of Brazil, Kingdom of Cambodia, Central African Republic, Republic of Chad, Kingdom of Denmark, Republic of Ecuador, Republic of France, Japan, Republic of Liberia, Republic of Madagascar, Kingdom of Morocco, Federal Democratic Republic of Nepal, Islamic Republic of Pakistan, Republic of Panama, Romania, Republic of Slovenia, Republic of South Africa, Republic of Korea, Kingdom of Thailand, and United States of America.

Topic: Disaster Risk Reduction

Acknowledging that education plays a key role in keeping people safe in case of natural disasters, Aware of the fact that people, plants, and animals are being negatively affected by disasters, partially because of the lack of early warning and awareness,

Environmental, Climate, and Man-Made Disasters

1. Strongly encourages countries to consider implementing a sustainably sourced energy system such as solar, wind, and hydropower;
2. Expresses appreciation for those who have put in efforts towards reducing the effects of disasters;

Protecting Natural Resources From Natural Disasters

3. Encourages nations to research and build sustainable infrastructure that is resistant to disasters and introduce disaster response teams in vulnerable areas;
4. Calls for countries to continue to protect plants and crops from disasters, for example by establishing elevated growing platforms to protect from floods;

Education on Disaster Risk Reduction and the Aftermath of It

5. Further requests schools and offices to put drills and early warning systems into action;

6. Urges countries across the globe to start investing more time and money into disaster related education, growing plant life, and implementing greenhouses to reduce the effects of climate change and global warming;
7. Draws the attention of countries to raise the awareness of disasters and the risk they present;

Warning and Emergency Systems

8. Further recommends families and individuals have an emergency supply of medicine and food;
9. Calls upon countries to donate necessities to remote places around the world.