



Resolution GA/1/2.1

General Assembly First Committee

Co-sponsors: Republic of Albania, Barbados, Federative Republic of Brazil, Canada, Republic of Chad, Republic of Chile, People's Republic of China, Republic of Costa Rica, Republic of Côte d'Ivoire, Republic of Croatia, Republic of France, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of India, Republic of Kenya, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Republic of Liberia, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Republic of Mozambique, New Zealand, Islamic Republic of Pakistan, Russian Federation, Republic of Korea, Republic of Uganda, United States of America, and Socialist Republic of Viet Nam.

Topic: Promoting international cooperation on peaceful uses in the context of international security

Alarmed by the amount of funding and attention given to nuclear weapons,

Disheartened by the use of weapons and military resources to threaten other countries,

Acknowledging every individual's right to peace and security,

Believing everyone has equal rights,

Deeply concerned by the lack of security and access to healthcare in developing countries,

Recognizing that common security is needed in our society, with an emphasis on cybersecurity,

Fully aware of the differences in international education that cause a lack of peace and security,

Armed Forces

1. Recommends reducing funding for the creation and testing of nuclear weapons;
2. Advises to strengthen and increase funding given to developing countries;
3. Encourages establishing treaties to reduce the amount of military funding per year for all countries and regulate the uses of nuclear weapons;
4. Expresses its hope to ensure countries remove all nuclear waste produced on their land;
5. Encourages proper regulation and usage of weapon licenses;
6. Demands the responsible storage of nuclear weapons;

Human Healthcare and Security

7. Recommends increasing the amount of funding given to jails;
8. Strongly encourages countries to use technology safely to improve cyber security;
9. Emphasizes the need for more accessible healthcare;
10. Calls upon developed countries to help build and fund accessible security for developing countries;
11. Recommends funding for both private and public healthcare systems;
12. Emphasizes the enforcement of basic human rights internationally by supporting organizations that support this cause;
13. Increasing the amount of funding given to mental health facilities and those suffering from mental illnesses;

Development of International Peace and Security

14. Expresses hope that countries participate in international exchanges, cooperation, and sharing of technology;
15. Further invites countries to promote the peaceful use of science and technology internationally;
16. Requests countries to avoid war through proactive measures;
17. Expresses its appreciation for countries that work together to establish peace and security both online and in the real world;

Improving Cyber Security Measures for Personal and Government Use

18. Strongly recommends that countries protect their citizens from cyber crime by implementing education programs to increase digital literacy;
19. Advises member states to further protect minors from cyber crime by using more reliable age restrictions;
20. Encourages member states to increase awareness regarding misinformation and unreliable sources in the media.