



Resolution United Nations Security Council/2.1

United Nations Security Council Committee

Co-sponsors: Republic of Albania, Federative Republic of Brazil, People's Republic of China, Republic of Ecuador, Republic of France, Gabonese Republic, Republic of Ghana, Japan, Republic of Malta, Russian Federation, Swiss Confederation, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Topic: Zone of peace, trust and cooperation of Central Asia

Deeply concerned about the wars waged over natural resources in Central Asia,

Acknowledging that natural disasters and the lack of initiative of foreign countries are preventing Central Asia's development,

Deeply disturbed by all forms of gender inequality and discrimination, especially the issue of domestic violence,

Acknowledging how corruption has negatively affected the fundamental human rights of citizens,

Deeply concerned that the countries of Central Asia are not receiving enough support in times of need,

Aware of the lack of cooperation between Central Asian states,

Prevention of International Conflict

1. Trusts member states to begin peaceful negotiations regarding border disputes;
2. Calls for the Security Council to address factors of poverty and economic instability;

Environmental Challenges

3. Suggests providing resources and aid to those most susceptible to environmental issues and enforcing the treaty of nonproliferation of chemical and nuclear weapons;
4. Designates trained professionals to educate youth on topics such as environmental disasters, terrorist prevention, and developing water infrastructure;

5. Advises biodiversity conservation;
6. Recommends that people reduce deforestation and advocate for the use of new energy products;

Foreign Involvement and Cooperation

7. Supports the need for peace, trust, and cooperation through diplomatic efforts and mediation initiatives;
8. Encourages foreign countries to increase support and cooperation towards the countries of Central Asia in times of need, but not to the point of dependency;
9. Advises that the nations of Central Asia hold organized negotiations discussing the issues in Central Asia;
10. Emphasizes the need for locally sourced foods to help develop economic stability;
11. Calls upon Central Asian nations to allocate a small portion of their budget and engage in peaceful negotiations to increase national security to prevent situations, such as the Tajikistan and Kyrgyzstan border conflict;

Human Rights and Humanitarian Issues

12. Supports reparations in the form of government support for those affected by conflicts, such as but not limited to wars and terrorist attacks;
13. Calls for transparency and citizen involvement in Central Asian governments;
14. Strongly encourages the promotion and empowerment of women in government and other civil services;
15. Endorses accessible and quality education, especially for marginalized groups.