

Resolution GA/3/2.1

General Assembly Third Committee

Co-sponsors: People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, Commonwealth of Australia, Republic of Austria, Federative Republic of Brazil, Republic of Cabo Verde, Central African Republic, Republic of Chile, People's Republic of China, Republic of Côte d'Ivoire, Islamic Republic of the Gambia, Georgia, Hellenic Republic, Republic of Honduras, Hungary, Islamic Republic of Iran, Republic of Lebanon, Republic of Malta, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Kingdom of Morocco, Republic of the Union of Myanmar, Federal Republic of Nigeria, Republic of Palau, Independent State of Papua New Guinea, Republic of Peru, Republic of Poland, Republic of Slovenia, Republic of the Sudan, Republic of Trinidad and Tobago

Topic: Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms - the right to privacy in the digital age

Fully aware for the need of more legislation on digital privacy,

Alarmed by the extreme lack of education on digital privacy in all countries,

Deeply concerned for the lack of digital privacy and protection,

Recognizing non-profit organizations (EPIC) established to help protect privacy, freedom of expression and democratic values, in the digital age,

Acknowledging the need for digital privacy to protect citizens,

Noting with deep concern that many people are targeted online because of their identity,

Acknowledging the responsibility of legal guardians to monitor their children's activity online,

Education

1. Considers the need for communication across countries on digital privacy;

- 2. Solemnly affirms the need for websites to educate their users on the risk of personal data being collected;
- 3. Requests raising awareness on violations of digital rights and on issues surrounding ICTs/cyber crimes;
- 4. Supports organizations that already exist to protect and educate users about personal information;
- 5. Further invites the idea of implementing national education programs especially in underdeveloped countries;

Initiatives

- 6. Calls upon member states to make VPNs more available to the public;
- 7. Encourages more thorough training session regarding digital safety for the member states;
- 8. Urges member states to establish committee for preservation of technology, security, and safeguards;
- 9. Strongly recommends to provide more support and resources to other member states to improve current digital privacy;
- 10. Further recommends to the use of social media to spread awareness about privacy rights;
- II. Appeals to the member states for funding organizations that can protect online privacy for individuals:

Digital privacy

- 12. Calls upon big tech companies to make illicit activities offline illicit online;
- 13. Expresses its hope that member states make privacy and protection a higher priority;
- 14. Endorses internet privacy laws;
- 15. Emphasizes the need for funding and law-making support in under/developed countries in regard to digital privacy;
- 16. Encourages states with stronger digital privacy protections to aid struggling nations;
- 17. Recommends that member states create online PSA's to educate the public on digital privacy and other issues;
- 18. Draws the attention to the need to lower the number of victims of private data breaching;

Human rights violations regarding individuals online

- 19. Advises member states to educate their population about negative stereotypes;
- 20. Strongly urges the member states to review the UDHR and create a new agreement regarding digital rights;
- 21. Calls for Member States to create laws protecting minors online and strengthen existing ones;
- 22. Endorses the construction of online communities in order to support higher risk individuals; and
- 23. Instructs Member States to increase legal action and protection against identity-based human rights violations.