

Resolution GA/I/2.I

General Assembly First Committee

Co-sponsors: Republic of Angola, Republic of Argentina, Federative Republic of Brazil, Canada, Republic of Cabo Verde, Republic of Colombia, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of Haiti, Islamic Republic of Iran, Republic of Iraq, Republic of Italy, Japan, Republic of Lebanon, Republic of Mali, United Mexican States, Federal Republic of Nigeria, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Republic of Peru, Russian Federation, Republic of South Africa, Republic of Korea, Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, Ukraine, United kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and Republic of Zimbabwe.

Topic: Promoting international cooperation on peaceful uses in the context of international security

Confident that peace can be achieved through collaboration and cooperation between all nations.

Deeply concerned that peacetech may be elusive and the fact that intelligence can be misused, Taking into account the importance of newly discovered intelligence in the field of technology to strengthen security measures,

Alarmed by the fact that quarter of humanity is living in areas offered by conflicts, Having considered repurposing military fund to help aid civilians,

Deeply concerned by current conflicts occuring in our world, such as, but not limited to, the acts of terrorism as well as the abuse and misuse of military resources,

Fully aware of the mass destruction caused by nuclear, chemical, and biological weapons, including the potential to exterminate man-kind and cause harm to the environment, Taking into consideration the importance of combating cyber and nuclear warfare,

Protecting civilians

I. Emphasizing the need for multilateral partnerships to return refugees to their home countries:

- 2. Calls upon for actions to be taken to secure civilian's property and personal data;
- 3. Endorses stricter restrictions to combat the illegal transfer of arms and human trafficking;

Peaceful collaboration and information sharing

- 4. Expresses its hope for member states to actively share newly discovered intelligence through partnerships to promote the responsible use of information;
- 5. Encourages countries to establish laws that prevent the misuse of information;
- 6. Strongly suggests member states to adopt inclusive multilateral approaches toward addressing all forms of security;

The use of military as a disruptor of peace

- 7. Urges governments and partnerships to establish compromises with the goal of reducing the amount of harm and loss caused by conflict;
- 8. Encourages the education of younger generations on the topic non-violence to ensure a more secure future;
- 9. Suggests the creation of a UN branch with the purpose of preventing corrupt governments from seizing or misusing power;

Cyber and nuclear warfare

- 10. Calls upon nations to establish more nuclear-free zones;
- 11. Strongly recommends to promote the disarmament of WMDs around the world;
- 12. Instructs nations to collaborate in order to improve cyber security measures;
- 13. Urges countries to repurpose the resources used to create weapons of mass destruction towards peaceful means.