



Resolution Human Rights Council/2.1

Human Rights Council Committee

Co-sponsors: Republic of Austria, Republic of Guatemala, Republic of Haiti, Republic of Kiribati, Republic of the Niger, Republic of Slovenia, Republic of Togo, Kingdom of Tonga, Republic of Uzbekistan

Topic: Rights of the Child

Fully alarmed by the lack of proper places for children who have committed a crime to stay, causing them to be incarcerated with adults, putting them in dangerous situations such as being subjected to violence that could cause them harm,

Having considered the imperfections of child rights on the quality of life and gender inequality, government and NGOs should act and pass laws and rules that focus on fixing quality of life and gender inequality,

Aware of the fact that children often face discrimination and harassment online,

Bearing in mind that many children around the world are cyberbullied daily and that causes mental health problems such as depression, anxiety, etc.,

Bearing in mind that many children in the world are employed to work in various places and that causes child labor,

Recognising that harmful practices such as corporal punishment or child marriages that violate the rights of children are still seen as “normal” making it harder for children as well as adults to find anything wrong with such cruel violations,

Believing that children should be able to experience being a child without the responsibility of being married to an older man where they could be put in danger or have to do all of the housework,

Keeping in mind that children are in developing stages, they can't make big, life-altering decisions like choosing their life partners,

Requirements to accomplish children's rights

1. Encourages member states to enhance protection of child rights;
2. Calls upon NGOs and national projects to provide free vaccines, sufficient food, and clean water;
3. Recommends government to provide free education centers;
4. Encourages member states to practice gender equality every day;
5. Further recommends NGOs to address mental health of children by providing psychological centers as well as free mental health services for children;
6. Further invites countries to decrease the amount of juvenile detention centers and increase the number of community-based solutions, such as working at gas stations or ensure that children aren't put in situations that involve illegal activities as to make sure that children do not get arrested with adults as much as possible;
7. Encourages member states to address juvenile justice in all countries;

Online threats

8. Recommends making games safer by only allowing chats between friends, access to the chat should be provided only when the user knows the mail ID from friends, otherwise, there should be no access to games;
9. Further requests that member states make a law on cyberbullying that forces social media platforms for children to make a bully filter that checks all messages if they are

kind or not and blocks unkind messages; as it causes privacy invasion, it should be optional;

10. Expresses its hope that for video games, there should be a three-strike rule, where if you bully three times, you get banned for a week and if you get banned for a total of a month, you get banned forever, so the bully has a second chance;

Direct attacks on human rights

11. Condemns people who hire children to work for them to be fined as they are going against the UN Convention on Rights of the Child (CRC), especially the countries who have signed it;
12. Encourages member states to provide donations to people who are affected by malnutrition;
13. Further recommends countries to hold or broadcast discussions with the aim of educating adults as well as children of the dangers of harmful normalized practices and what sort of harm they can cause;
14. Recommends member states to create education centers for adults so they learn to not use violence on children;
15. Encourages member states to provide good environment for children with schools, proper homes, food, etc;
16. Further recommends member states to take help from the UN to help them with their juvenile justice system;
17. Further requests member states who have signed the UN CRC to make laws that support the convention;

Unwanted marriages

18. Recommends that governments should appoint some teams (security groups) when there is a chance for a child marriage, the team has to take an action to stop the marriage and speak to the government so the country can take action on the problems regarding childrens' rights;
19. Reminds member states to practice previous laws and rules that focus on protecting children and their rights;
20. Recommends that all early marriage cases go to court, and that the parents will not be at the case if they're asking the child to do that, so that the child can give their consent and if the child doesn't give their consent, they will be protected, because parents might try to endanger the child;
21. Reminds that teachers have to educate children about their rights so minors can stand up for themselves and speak to their parents about their marriage.