

Resolution GA/2/1.1

General Assembly Second Committee

Co-sponsors: Islamic Republic of Afghanistan, People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, Republic of Benin, Burkina Faso, Republic of Burundi, Canada, Republic of Cabo Verde, Republic of Chile, People's Republic of China, Republic of Costa Rica, Commonwealth of Dominica, Arab Republic of Egypt, Republic of Finland, Republic of France, Republic of Ghana, Republic of Guatemala, Holy See, Hungary, Republic of India, Ireland, State of Israel, Japan, Republic of Kazakhstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Kingdom of Lesotho, United Mexican States, Kingdom of Morocco, State of Palestine, Republic of Paraguay, Republic of the Philippines, Republic of Sierra Leone, Republic of Slovenia, Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, Swiss Confederation, Socialist Republic of Vietnam, Republic of Zambia

Topic: Convention on Biological Diversity

Noting with deep concern that around 10 million hectares of natural forests were lost due to deforestation per year in 2015-2020,

Acknowledging that humans are responsible for much biodiversity loss,

Bearing in mind that we are not taking care of our ecosystem enough,

Noting with regret that poaching is killing many endangered species, which is resulting in the extinction of many species,

Alarmed by the amount of agricultural chemicals and aware of the large amount of pollution, Aware of the number of animal species going extinct due to pollution, poaching, deforestation, invasive species, and humans,

Preservation of animals

- Encourages countries to educate citizens about biodiversity loss at a young age and add it to their educational systems;
- Encourages countries to moderate overhunting to prevent extinction;

- 3. Encourages all countries to come together and solve these problems without damaging the environment more;
- 4. Requests that member states control fishing as well as continue researching marine biology to protect marine life;
- 5. Calls for countries to keep control of their species to limit invasive species;
- 6. Also urges countries to enforce stricter hunting season laws;

The Powerful Energy is Approaching the World

- 7. Urges the production of recycled materials;
- 8. Encourages the use of renewable energy and organic fertilizers and the creation of protected areas;
- Encourages countries to acknowledge the fact that nuclear weapons can be harmful to biodiversity;

Preserving the environment

- 10. Further recommends strong partnerships to help marine life by reducing waste in the ocean;
- 11. Acknowledges the importance of clean water for plants and animals;
- 12. Further invites people to plant more trees;

Conservation of marine life, animals, and forests

- 13. Expresses its hope for a healthier and cleaner world;
- 14. Strongly condemns energies that are bad for the ecosystem and encourages the use of sustainable, renewable, and clean energies.