



Resolution GA/1/2.1

General Assembly First Committee

Co-sponsors: Islamic Republic of Afghanistan, Republic of Angola, Republic of Armenia, Republic of Austria, People's Republic of Bangladesh, Republic of Belarus, Belize, Republic of Botswana, NEGARA Brunei Darussalam, Republic of Bulgaria, Republic of Cameroon, Canada, Republic of Chad, People's Republic of China, Republic of Colombia, Republic of the Congo, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Republic of Cyprus, Czech Republic, Dominican Republic, Arab Republic of Egypt, Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia, Republic of Finland, Islamic Republic of Gambia, Georgia, Hellenic Republic, Republic of Indonesia, Republic of Iraq, Republic of Kiribati, Russian Federation

Topic: Role of Science and Technology in the Context of International Security

Recognizing the benefits of technology and how important cybersecurity and AI are to society,

Acknowledging the dangers that advancements of technology pose to society,

Taking into consideration that satellites have the potential to obtain and exploit other nations' information,

Expressing concern for underdeveloped countries and their lack of access to technology,

Viewing with appreciation the effort of nations in assisting developing countries,

Fully aware of the expenses and destructive possibilities that new technologies possess, as well as their sensitive nature,

Security and Dangers of Cyber-Technology

- I. Urges nations to monitor their reliance on technological advances that can improve global security;

Advancements in Artificial Intelligence

2. Calls upon nations to provide funding towards underdeveloped countries to provide access to technology regarding security globally;
3. Recommends spreading the awareness of the power of science and technology for educational purposes;
4. Strongly encourages countries to have strict policies regarding A.I. and its uses;
5. Instructs nations to take caution while using new technology;
6. Encourages the implementation of A.I. in everyday uses for development;

Development and Advancement of Technology

7. Encourages international cooperation between nations for the improvement of science and technology globally;
8. Endorses the development of technologies manufactured in one's own country;
9. Requests member states to invest in more affordable technologies for the civilians;
10. Expresses its hope that all nations share technological advances and research internationally;
11. Trusts that developed nations will support other nations in the use of technology;

Access to Technology in Developing Countries

12. Calls upon the UN to allocate funds for the advancement of science and technology in developing countries;
13. Recommends the UN to establish a program to distribute technologies to member states who need them;
14. Approves the development of technology centers to promote education;
15. Reaffirms science and technology's role in improving the health and welfare of underdeveloped countries.