



Resolution Human Rights Council/I.1

Human Rights Council Committee

Co-sponsors: Islamic Republic of Afghanistan, Republic of Argentina, Kingdom of Bahrain, People's Republic of Bangladesh, Negara Brunei Darussalam, Republic of Bulgaria, Kingdom of Cambodia, Republic of Colombia, Republic of Croatia, Republic of Cuba, Republic of Cyprus, Czech Republic, Commonwealth of Dominica, Dominican Republic, Republic of Ecuador, Republic of Fiji, Federal Republic of Germany, Holy See, Islamic Republic of Iran, Ireland, Republic of Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Principality of Liechtenstein, Republic of Lithuania, Republic of Mauritius, Kingdom of Morocco, Republic of Mozambique, Republic of Namibia, Republic of the Niger, Federal Republic of Nigeria, Republic of Rwanda, Democratic Republic of Sao Tome and Principe, Republic of Senegal, Republic of Seychelles, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Topic: Adequate Housing

Taking into consideration article 25 in the UN universal declaration of human rights which states that adequate housing is an irrevocable right to all citizens,

Reaffirming the entry in force of the sustainable development goals and recalling member states commitment to goals 1-7, 10 and 11,

Noting with deep concern major impact inadequate housing has on the integrity and security of residents and communities, and alarmed by the 1.8 billion people globally living in severely decaying housing conditions,

Recognizing that natural disasters are a significant cause of inadequate housing and confident that by working together we can solve this issue,

Emphasizing the damage done by external factors to existing resources and their economic and ecological value,

Having considered that certain countries may need additional assistance,

Development of housing and SDGs

1. Urges well developed countries to offer incentives to developing countries to ensure adequate housing;
2. Suggests that member states support NGOs which will help build and develop micro homes using recycled materials;
3. Advises governments to inspect slum areas to ensure they meet adequate living standards and encourages communities to create charities to donate resources to citizens below the poverty line;
4. Emphasizes the harm that discriminating landlords caused to residents, thus encourages to implement legislative policies which guarantee the legal tenure for residents and recommends the creation of regional / local programs to inform and provide help with people dealing with eviction;

Discrimination and injustice

5. Recommends the creation of home centers funded by states and donors that will ensure security and integrity of residents, specifically minorities, by providing healthcare and public services in accordance with national policies;
6. Calls upon the UNICEF's collaborations to ensure the establishment of foster care programs by working together in providing proper infrastructure, security services;
7. Advises the establishment of anti-discriminatory policies for the sell and rent of residencies in mind of international community by recommending stakeholders to implement courses to public authorities and servants in raising awareness;
8. Expresses its hope that countries and communities will put drills and protocols in place for people in vulnerable situations;

Foreign aid and Collaboration

9. Strongly suggests that the UNHRC and international organizations provide funding to NGOs and governments for the purpose building free or low cost shelters and/or housing to most vulnerable;

10. Takes note of diminishing resources and the need for sustainable resources;
11. Urges that shelters are built with the hazards of the environment in mind;
12. Calls upon developed member states to urgently take action to provide economic aid to developing countries;

The Effects of Natural Disasters on Health and Housing

13. Advises developing countries to take example of developed countries who are doing well in this issue for ideas to aid the problem from its root;
14. Endorses developed countries that provide incentives towards developing countries who are taking action against this issue;
15. Calls upon all member states specifically to provide resources such as medical assistance including mental aid towards communities in need;
16. Recommends member states to seek further aid and supplies from NGOs and international programs.