



Resolution Economic and Social Council/2.1

Economic and Social Council Committee

Co-sponsors: Republic of Argentina, Republic of Austria, Kingdom of Belgium, Belize, Kingdom of Bhutan, Plurinational State of Bolivia, Republic of Bulgaria, Republic of Chile, Republic of Côte d'Ivoire, Republic of Croatia, Czech Republic, Kingdom of Eswatini, Republic of France, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of Guatemala, Republic of India, Republic of Indonesia, State of Israel, Republic of Italy, Japan, Republic of Kazakhstan, Republic of Liberia, Republic of Madagascar, Republic of Mauritius, United Mexican States, Federal Republic of Nigeria, Sultanate of Oman, Republic of Peru, Republic of Portugal, Solomon Islands, Republic of South Africa, United Republic of Tanzania, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Republic of Zimbabwe

Topic: Culture of Peace

Acknowledging the lack of rehabilitation methods regarding victims of discriminatory trauma,

Noting with deep concern the discrimination against certain groups of people,

Understanding the minimal gun control enforcement and how it is affecting the globe,

Aware of the fact that the Culture of Peace is not funded or prioritized in education and businesses,

Recognizing that social media dilutes the culture of peace,

Aware of the fact that some countries can't support a culture of peace,

Discrimination, violence, and rehabilitation

1. Urges schools to teach youths about differences and diversity;
2. Encourages law enforcement to focus on reported cases of abuse in any form;

3. Recommends the use of social media to raise awareness on global issues;
4. Advises law enforcement to be more strict about discriminatory violence;
5. Urges utilizing an advertisement of rehabilitation methods;

Disarmament

6. Calls upon governments worldwide to implement strict gun laws and provide more thorough background checks;
7. Encourages nations to closely regulate firearm manufacturers and their sales;
8. Recommends countries to attempt to limit civilian firearms;
9. Accepts that although it is difficult to truly have a world without violence, regulation of firearms can significantly help;
10. Emphasizes the teachings of issues relating to gun violence;
11. Endorses country partnerships to prevent gun violence;

Financing/funding

12. Draws the attention to these funding problems;
13. Encourages volunteer teachers and tutors to join education and peace programs;
14. Recommends member states to fund NGOs in relation to the culture of peace;
15. Supports the idea of nationwide fundraisers for funding peace programs;
16. Strongly recommends nations to share resources and funds with developing nations to develop better relationships;
17. Urges developed countries to share resources and fund developing countries as well as help fund programs that promote a culture of peace;

Education and social inputs

18. Calls upon countries for action and recognition of how education on a culture of peace is necessary;
19. Urges countries to make the culture of peace a main topic in their curriculum;
20. Strongly encourages social media platforms to spread factual information on peace as well as reduce misinformation;
21. Condemns countries that liberally dispense propaganda on social media;
22. Invites teachers into educational spaces to promote peaceful interactions between community members;

23. Further requests that nations create artificial intelligence that maintains a culture of peace on virtual platforms.