



Resolution GA/1/2.1

General Assembly First Committee

Co-sponsors: Commonwealth of the Bahamas, Barbados, Republic of Belarus, Republic of Costa Rica, Kingdom of Denmark, Dominican Republic, Arab Republic of Egypt, Republic of France, Georgia, Republic of Haiti, Hungary, Republic of Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Kingdom of Lesotho, Republic of Madagascar, Republic of Malta, Republic of the Union of Myanmar, Republic of the Philippines, Republic of Poland, Russian Federation, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Topic: Humanitarian Consequences of Nuclear Weapons

Noting with deep concern that nuclear weapons have an intense detrimental impact on the economy and society that they land on,

Taking into consideration that education about the great amount of death caused by the detonation of nuclear weapons both in the moment and in the long term will decrease the likelihood of nuclear weapons being used,

Acknowledging the fact that many of the member-states that possess nuclear weapons are hesitant to part with them,

Recognizing nuclear testing is harming the environment, affecting us all,

Education, Regulation, and Economical Impacts of Nuclear Weapons

1. Strongly encourages governments to increase the education and awareness of the consequences of nuclear weapons;
2. Recommends that governments use funds meant for manufacturing nuclear weapons for the dismantling of nuclear weapons;

Nuclear Weapon Relief

3. Suggests that member-states provide funding for people who have been affected by nuclear weapons;
4. Calls upon the member-states to create a more affordable system of nuclear defense;
5. Further recommends member-states to increase transparency of their nuclear activity;

Plans for the Future of Nuclear Weapons

6. Urges member-states to avoid nuclear testing within a range that would effect populated areas or large eco-systems;
7. Encourages more treaties between countries relating to nuclear weapons;
8. Advises countries to research ways to restore the environment after a nuclear disaster;
9. Strongly condemns the use of nuclear weapons against any country;

Consequences

10. Encourages countries to reconsider their nuclear arsenal;
11. Recommends countries to consider nuclear non-proliferation;
12. Further requests member-states to create treaties and agreements for hazardous waste control.