



Resolution GA/1/1.1

General Assembly First Committee

Co-sponsors: Commonwealth of the Bahamas, Barbados, Republic of Belarus, Republic of Costa Rica, Kingdom of Denmark, Dominican Republic, Arab Republic of Egypt, Republic of France, Georgia, Republic of Haiti, Hungary, Republic of Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Kingdom of Lesotho, Republic of Madagascar, Republic of Malta, Republic of the Union of Myanmar, Republic of the Philippines, Republic of Poland, Russian Federation, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Topic: Transparency and Confidence-building Measures in Outer Space Activities

Deeply concerned about the seriousness of space debris and how difficult it is to control,
Recognizing the innate, complicated nature of functional and reliable space programs and the ease at which technology can be shared in this information era,
Recognizing the danger of weapons of mass destruction in outer space and the danger it poses to humankind,
Noting with regret that space has become an area of conflict,

Economy and Education

1. Endorses further education on the topic of space safety;
2. Recommends member states to monitor who and what goes in space and if they have the correct budget;
3. Urges states to lower budgets for military operation in space and use their budget for space exploration and science to a point that is affordable for that state's budget;

Transparency and Security

4. Further requests other member states to take action to create treaties and agreements and a code of conduct for transparency in outer space activities;
5. Calls for member states to sign and ratify the Registration Convention;

Environmental Impacts in Space

6. Calls for increased collaboration between governments and the allowing of multiple governments to oversee space activities together;
7. Encourages avoiding funding both intentional and unintentional debris in outer space, and the funding of the clean-up of space debris;
8. Advises stopping the manufacturing of weapons aimed to be used in outer space, and the slowing of the generation of space debris;

Relations in Space

9. Asks countries to report to the United Nations their space-based activities regarding the advancement of humankind and its technology;
10. Calls for the sharing of information related to space flight and all the technologies necessary to run a functional space program;
11. Strongly encourages the adoption of the Treaty of Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space Including the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies (1967).