



Resolution Economic and Social Council/2.1

Economic and Social Council

Co-sponsors: Plurinational State of Bolivia, Republic of Burundi, Czech Republic, Hellenic Republic, Grenada, Republic of Haiti, Republic of Iceland, Republic of Indonesia, Republic of Italy, United Mexican States, Mongolia, Republic of the Union of Myanmar, Republic of Namibia

Topic: United Nations Forum on Forests

Fully aware of the necessity of lowering prices for more sustainable fuels, like solar panels and wind,

Having studied that deforestation has strong impacts on the environment and the lives of humans;

Deeply concerned about the detrimental impacts of deforestation on the environment and on the lives of humans and by the fact that many trees get cut down every day,

Recalling the Paris Agreement, which is a legally binding international treaty on climate change,

Reaffirming that most deforestation in the world is caused by agricultural activities,

1. Confirms the importance of using more sustainable fuels and less fossil fuels and calls upon countries to provide more/different ways to have sustainable fuels, especially in poorer countries;
2. Affirms using alternatives to tree wood, such as bamboo and hemp wood, which is already popular alternative, and is similar in terms of looks and does nearly everything wood would do, is a solid alternative to tree wood;

3. Further recommends UN Member States to implement campaigns and programs to educate, inform, and to spread awareness concerning the impacts of deforestation on the environment and on human lives and how to take action on this;
4. Encourages assigning special land for farming to set off areas that are forbidden from harm so the forest could expand, and so that the animals are safe;
5. Recommends greater security over forests, by increasing taxes to be paid to those who violate forest laws;
6. Requests governments to establish proper authorities to oversee the farmers, etc. and if they are not following the rules, they have to face sanctions and further invites local people to watch over and take care of the forests;
7. Strongly condemns the use of highly destructive methods of deforestation such as clear cutting and excessive logging;
8. Supports the NGOs that are working on this problem and expecting the protection of forests.