

Resolution GA/2/1.1

General Assembly Second Committee

Co-sponsors: Commonwealth of Australia, People's Democratic Republic of Costa Rica, Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia, Japan, United Mexican States, Islamic Republic of Pakistan, Republic of Rwanda, Slovak Republic

Topic: Protection of Global Climate for Present and Future Generations

Realizing the effects of plastic pollution and climate change,

Desiring to seek more affordable natural resources and re-use materials,

Keeping in mind the importance of education and awareness of climate change and emphasizing that awareness is key to solving any problem, including climate change,

Alarmed that 1.6 million deaths have been caused by air pollution since the Industrial Revolution,

Fully alarmed in the at the lack of improvement within green energy,

Noting the impact that non-carbon neutral transportation can have on our planet and the need for actions to stop it,

Keeping in mind that fossil fuels are used daily,

Alarmed by the increasing amount of CO2 emissions causing a rise of 407 parts per million of CO2 levels,

 Requests the use of diverse media formats for information campaigns with informational and instructional videos, treating climate change as a really serious problem, discussing what people are already doing to help and how the viewers can get involved;

- Suggests that personal actions against climate change include regularly turning off lights and replacing traditional bulbs with LED lighting;
- 3. Suggests implementing science classes and teacher education programs with a climate curriculum with specific experiments and activities showing the effects of climate change in order to to engage young children, more serious discussions with older students, and adding school elective groups for students to educate their peers;
- 4. Encourages climate experts to provide education in communities, the creation of online UN programs schools can use to educate students on personal actions against climate change, and scientific education of how serious climate change is and possible effects of climate change including examples from the international community;
- 5. Encourages schools to set up clubs to help with trash cleanup and water purification, and suggests that cities create community outdoor spaces for nature engagement;
- 6. Encourages that countries fund farms that are more eco friendly, funding more farms which are eco friendly and request member states take less taxes from eco-friendly farms (the funds would go towards the crops and produce that farmers grow);
- 7. Calls upon citizens and existing environmental NGOs to plants more trees;
- 8. Encourages uses of simple solutions (metal instead of plastic, reusable items), educating students about climate change and going on field trips to learn more about the effects of

- climate change, in addition to promoting fun ways to engage with the environment such as creating contests with people picking up and creating sculptures with plastic;
- Supports the creation of more sustainable and affordable recycling plants, more sustainable recycling, adding more recycling bins instead of garbage bins. Requests should use more natural resources, more windmill farms; Use more sustainable materials (hempt);
- 10. Supports creating an NGO to use retired satellites to measure the effects of climate change;
- 11. Encourages businesses that manufacture single-use plastic products to change the materials they use to more sustainable and reusable materials;
- 12. Emphasizes the need to have transportation vehicles to use clean energy instead of fossil fuels by gradually raising the price of vehicles that emit more CO2 or other greenhouse gasses and making electrical vehicles more affordable;
- 13. Encourages increasing charging infrastructure and hydrogen refuelling infrastructure;
- 14. Notes that almost all forms of transportation infrastructure can be used for industrial, commercial and personal uses;
- 15. Endorses countries to invest in clean rail and water transportation for industrial, commercial and residential uses to subsidize road based transportation and endorses

- the use of public transportation for short and long distance travel (notes that green water transportation is currently not available for long distances at a large scale);
- 16. Calls upon member states to conduct research on new, and existing, modes of transportation that are Carbon Neutral;
- 17. Further invites developed countries to share technologies with developing countries to help them further their industries related to clean energy and transportation;
- 18. Further invites member states to use renewable natural resources to produce energy and also recommends recycling plants and other necessities that use a lot of energy to use them as well;
- 19. Calls upon businesses to keep an eye on the amount of carbon they emit;
- 20. Further requests to gradually implement carbon pricing on pollution producing entities such as mas corporations;
- 21. Endorses worldwide tax on greenhouse gas emitters based on the amount of greenhouse gases they emit;
- 22. Encourages to reallocate money from overfunded companies to implement and maintain clean energy through technological advancements;
- 23. Recommends recycling plants use renewable resources.