



Resolution GA/2/I.1

General Assembly Second Committee

Co-sponsors: Antigua and Barbuda, Commonwealth of Australia, Republic of Belarus, Republic of Benin, Kingdom of Bhutan, Plurinational State of Bolivia, Federative Republic of Brazil, Central African Republic, Kingdom of Denmark, Republic of Equatorial Guinea, Hellenic Republic, Republic of Guatemala, Republic of Indonesia, State of Israel, Malaysia, Kingdom of Norway, Republic of Peru, Republic of the Philippines, Republic of Poland, Russian Federation, Republic of Rwanda, Republic of Singapore, Republic of Slovenia, Republic of South Africa, Kingdom of Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, United Arab Emirates, Oriental Republic of Uruguay, Republic of Zambia

Topic: Protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind

The ECOFIN Environment Committee,

Alarmed that sea levels have risen about 8 inches in the past century, causing polar ice caps and glaciers to melt at an increasing rate,

Affirming that climate change has resulted in over 25,000 species to become endangered or extinct,

Emphasising that in the current economic state prosperity is reliant on non-sustainable fuels, but that 60% of climate change is a direct consequence of these emissions,

1. Recommends that countries have nature reserves for native and endangered plants;
2. Calls upon people and governments to pay more attention to recycling plastic materials;
3. Encourages countries with a carbon credit deficit to invest in countries that have a carbon credit surplus;
4. Recommends reusing materials for more sustainable construction practices;

5. Requests using renewable energy instead of fossil fuels while sustaining a strong economy;
6. Further requests a restriction on corporations producing animal products;
7. Encourages using media and technology to spread awareness about climate change;
8. Calls upon public transportation and recycling corporations to work together to give incentives to the public in the case that they recycle plastic waste;
9. Encourages TV shows and stations to add more segments that talk about climate change;
10. Encourages state governments to take on a greener form of public transportation;
11. Recommends stricter implementation of carbon taxing on companies and industries;
12. Recommends that the production and consumption of fossil fuels be reduced gradually starting at a 0.5% reduction per year;
13. Further recommends the funding of research for renewable resource projects;
14. Draws attention to creating NGO's in between countries that have similar issues to solve those problems together;
15. Calls upon enforcing the taxing of meat and contaminants to reduce intensive meat production;
16. Encourages media companies to spread awareness about climate change on a global scale;
17. Requests using the money from taxes to go towards funding green transportation and mitigating environmental damage;
18. Endorses financial support for investments in green transportation;
19. Supports urban planning and development by monitoring energy use;
20. Calls upon member states to follow Singapore's methods of incineration and filtration as a means of sustainable plastic waste disposal;

21. Encourages the production of new alternative products and the global implementation of biodegradable plastic bags;
22. Recommends going beyond the discovery of alternatives and materials that replace plastic and focus on their elimination;
23. Encourages the gradual shifting of economic activities harmful to the environment to those beneficial to the environment;
24. Recommends that new forms of infrastructure or buildings shall a way to decrease their carbon footprint such as planting gardens or installing solar panels on the buildings.