



Resolution GA/3/I.1

General Assembly Third Committee

Co-sponsors: People's Republic of Bangladesh, Kingdom of Bhutan, Republic of Botswana, Federative Republic of Brazil, Kingdom of Cambodia, Republic of Cabo Verde, Central African Republic, Republic of Côte d'Ivoire, Republic of Croatia, Republic of Cuba, Republic of Cyprus, Kingdom of Denmark, Republic of Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Arab Republic of Egypt, Republic of El Salvador, Republic of Estonia, Republic of France, Republic of Guatemala, Holy See, Republic of Haiti, Republic of Kazakhstan, Republic of Kenya, Libya, Republic of the Marshall Islands, United Mexican States, Republic of Moldova, Mongolia, Kingdom of Morocco, Republic of the Union of Myanmar, Kingdom of the Netherlands, Kingdom of Norway, Islamic Republic of Pakistan, Republic of Palau, Republic of the Philippines, Republic of Poland, Russian Federation, Republic of Turkey, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Topic: Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance

Believing in the elimination of the presence of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and biased prejudice around the world,

Noting with satisfaction the past efforts of various relevant UN bodies aimed at the complete eradication of these discriminatory practices,

Keeping in mind how this global issue negatively affects people because of their social differences such as sex, skin color, heritage, class and condition in the modern world on a daily basis,

Recognizing the unfair treatment of ethnic people in businesses, schools and corporate bodies,

Deeply concerned by the continued human trafficking problem and the unfair treatment of the separation of families and communities,

Alarmed by the lack of stable education in racism of acceptance and kindness to all in curriculums around the world,

Reminding of the discrimination practiced against LGBTQ+ members,

1. Calls upon all countries through conferences set up through the UN and other strategies to emphasize the history and modern-day problems relating to racial discrimination through education, from the ages of 7-14 and by teaching kindness from 1-6, to spread positive messages and equality;
2. Urges countries to enforce the working rights of women and minorities;
3. Declares a new date of the year to celebrate all cultures, a day to celebrate all people in the world with different cultures and backgrounds;
4. Urges countries to make public services and courts integrated to people of all religions, races and ethnicities so that we can eliminate all racial biased positions;
5. Encourages countries to make and reinforce anti-discrimination laws, possibly improving and strengthening them;
6. Recommends the security council review this problem and consider sending peacekeepers to areas where people feel threatened by discrimination.