

Resolution GA/2/2.1

General Assembly Second Committee

Co-sponsors: Principality of Andorra, Republic of Argentina, Republic of Austria, Barbados, Plurinational of Bolivia, Republic of Chile, Republic of Costa Rica, Republic of Croatia, Republic of El Salvador, Republic of Equatorial Guinea, Republic of Guinea-Bissau, Republic of India, Republic of Indonesia, Republic of Iraq, Ireland, Japan Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, Republic of Kazakhstan, Republic of Kenya, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Kyrgyz Republic, Republic Liberia, Republic of Madagascar, Republic of Malawi, Republic of Maldives, Republic of Mali, Kingdom of Morocco, Kingdom of Netherlands, Republic of Niger, Sultanate of Oman, Republic of Rwanda, Republic of San Marino, Republic of Senegal, Kingdom of Spain, and the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka

Topic: Women in development

Recognizing that not all countries are deeply concerned with women's rights,

Deeply concerned by the lack of sexual education,

Alarmed by teen pregnancy and child marriage rates,

Conscious that women's safety is at risk,

Fully aware that many young women are not educated and emphasizing the need for their education,

Noting with concern the prevalence femicide and rape,

Realizing that women everywhere are striving for equality, congratulating every member state that has signed the Elimination of Discrimination treaty,

Aware of the number of women who die from STD related issues,

Acknowledging that while we can try to improve women's rights, we must also preserve culture and religion,

Noting with regret that women have fewer opportunities than men,

- Calls upon UN Women to organize women speakers to share their experiences via real life and social media;
- 2. Endorses family planning services and contraceptive, reproductive, and equality education in all schools;
- 3. Strongly affirms more strict laws and punishments regarding sexual assault;
- Proposes countries to offer free tutoring, building schools and online education programs for women in dangerous conditions;
- 5. Encourages countries to form women's centers of education to better protect women;
- 6. Condemns non-sexual arranged marriages;
- 7. Having adopted unisex bathrooms for the LGBTQA+ community;
- 8. Calls upon all UN members to sign a treaty that would make the minimum international age of consent 18 for marriage;
- Expresses its hope that shelters and woman healthcare centers will be opened for combatting teen pregnancy;
- 10. Recommends that banks providing services and low-cost loans to women will be put in place as long as they coincide with the specific country customs; and
- 11. Strongly encourages governments and businesses to research and monitor the gender and wage gap and be more involved in the research and prevention of workplace harassment.