General Assembly United Nations Security Council

Co-sponsors: Plurinational State of Bolivia, People's Republic of China, Arab Republic of Egypt, Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia, Holy See, Republic of Italy, Japan, Republic of Kazakhstan, Kingdom of the Netherlands (Section B), Palestine, Russian Federation, Republic of Senegal, Kingdom of Sweden, Ukraine and Oriental republic of Uruguay

Topic: "The Situation in Somalia"

Emphasizing the severity of the Situation in Somalia,

Bearing in mind that Al-Shabaab, and other armed milices may try to force or threat peacekeepers out of Somalia,

Keeping in mind that Somalians may feel threatened,

Observing the fact that Somalians have been resistant to peacekeepers in the past, Confident that necessary action will be taken by the government of neighbouring countries,

Noting with deep concern the possible implications of the fact that many Somali citizens lack access to basic necessities,

Deeply concerned that armed groups such as Al-Shabaab provide a significant amount of jobs to Somali citizens,

Expresses its concern with the country of Somalia and its fragile state,

Recalling past action to stabilize and secure Somalia's government and economy, Seeking the support of other member states in the UN,

Confident that the stabilization of Somalia's government will lead to a merged state,

Taking into account that humanitarian aid was previously removed from Somalia due to
conflict with armed groups;

Government reform

- 1. Emphasizes helping the government regain stable power;
- 2. Trusts the Somalian people will vote in elections;
- 3. Further requests the UN monitor the Somalian government;

Peace corps

- 4. Calls upon NGOs and UN peacekeepers to aid Somalis within Refugee camps;
- 5. Emphasizes the importance of more humanitarian assistance in Somalia;
- 6. Authorizes the use of force in extreme cases;
- 7. Considers the well being of the Somalis;

Humanitarian operative

- 8. Declares that humanitarian aid will provide jobs to the citizens of Somalia;
- 9. Trusts that aid groups recognize the risks posed by armed groups in Somalia;
- 10. Designates aid groups to provide and distribute basic human necessities including food, clean water, education, health care, and shelter;

Media

11. Calls upon all online platforms to raise awareness in relation to the situation in Somalia;

- 12. Requests that the Red Cross and the UN establish a secure funding platform specialized for Somalia;
- 13. Encourages the Red Cross and other NGOs to establish a separate branch dedicated to the aid of Somalia and its citizens;

Economy

- 14. Affirms the use of an employer that will create jobs and stabilize the government;
- 15. Expresses its hope for all communities to implement agricultural businesses into the economy;
- 16. Promises the aid and funding of NGO's to encourage a larger agricultural business;
- 17. Proclaims that basic resources will be sent to affected families in Somalia to start businesses in their communities;
- 18. Expresses its hope that this action will be able to put people back on their feet and help make a stable income;

Economy- Arms embargo and trade

- 19. Recommends reinforcement of the arms embargo in Somalia and Eritrea under UN supervision;
- 20. Authorizes the UN to conduct an annual inspection on the weapons in Somalia;
- 21. Encourages nations to establish an international relationship with Somalia through trade;
- 22. Confirms that Eritrea is the main supplier of armed groups in Somalia;

Charcoal ban

- 23. Notes that the charcoal ban currently in place in Somalia has obstructed economical development;
- 24. Declares accordingly that the charcoal ban shall be put into the hands of the federal Government in order to foster economic growth;
- 25. Declares accordingly that the charcoal ban has hence been lifted on federal Somalia;
- 26. Further resolves that the information on how to legally sell charcoal that will not fund Al-Shabaab will be freely given;
- 27. Proclaims that the trade of charcoal will be monitored by the UN;
- 28. Has resolved that a monthly inspection of the Free Public Market of charcoal will happen to reaffirm that Al-Shabaab is not taking part in it.

