



Resolution GA/3/2.1

General Assembly Third Committee

Co-sponsors: Republic of Angola, Republic of Argentina, Commonwealth of Australia, Belize, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Republic of Chile, People's Republic of China, Republic of Finland, Islamic Republic of Gambia, Republic of Honduras, Hungary, Republic of India, State of Israel, Japan, State of Kuwait, Republic of Mauritius, New Zealand, Republic of the Niger, State of Qatar, Republic of South Africa, Republic of Korea, Republic of the Sudan, Swiss Confederation, Turkmenistan, Republic of Uzbekistan, Socialist Republic of Vietnam, and Republic of Paraguay

Topic: Rights of peoples to self-determination

Believing that governments will be open to new ideas,

Having devoted attention to correct handling of religious problems of ethnic minorities,

Noting with satisfaction that people with higher power should speak for people that are not being heard,

Expecting that self-determination will be taught through 5-11th grade,

Noting that governments have the power to strengthen the legislative framework in self-determination,

Desiring that governments should support the indigenous, socially, economically, and politically,

Bearing in mind that the citizens of countries should have the right to sign a petition against their government,

I. Recommends an unused spot of land for self-determining people to live in;

2. Considers creating different methods of spreading the word about self determination;
3. Further invites buildings and schools following religions should require at least 10,000 followers supporting their beliefs;
4. Calls upon meeting with (Further invites) world leaders to discuss trade, currency exchange, and world peace;
5. Further recommends sending peacekeepers to sanction land trade for self determination;
6. Further recommends (Supports) (Further requests) (Notes) that all people have the right to self-determination, we encourage people to voice their opinions instead of creating their own countries;
7. Expresses it hope for peaceful protests against governments that do not support self-determination;
8. Deeply convinced that every religion should feel safe in their own country to the extent that they feel accepted; and
9. Fully believing that the government should support and maintain the traditional festivals and customs of indigenous people.