



Resolution GA/4/2.I

General Assembly Fourth Committee

Co-sponsors: Commonwealth of Australia, Commonwealth of the Bahamas, Kingdom of Belgium, Republic of Benin, Burkina Faso, Republic of Cabo Verde, Central African Republic, Republic of Costa Rica, Arab Republic of Egypt, Republic of Equatorial Guinea, Republic of France, Islamic Republic of the Gambia, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of Ghana, Republic of Haiti, Republic of Honduras, Republic of Iceland, Ireland, Japan, Republic of Kazakhstan, Libya, The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Malaysia, United Mexican States, Montenegro, Republic of Nauru, Federal Democratic Republic of Nepal, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Sultanate of Oman, Islamic Republic of Pakistan, Republic of Panama, Independent State of Papua New Guinea, Republic of the Philippines, State of Qatar, Republic of Rwanda, Republic of Serbia, Republic of Slovenia, Swiss Confederation, Republic of Uganda, Ukraine, United States of America, and Republic of Zambia

Topic: Implementation of the declaration on the granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples

The General Assembly, alarmed by the amount of colonies denied their independence,

Confident that our lack of actions towards this issue will inevitably lead to unwanted conflict,

Acknowledging that not all colonies would like to be independent or cannot sustain themselves as successful countries,

Recognizing the importance of the freedom of the people in these colonial territories,

Deeply concerned by the economic disparities between previous colonial powers and previous colonies,

Deeply concerned over the social-economical differences between the citizens of colonies and citizens of the colonizing nations,

Fully aware of the lack of general knowledge on decolonization and independence,

Aware of disputes between ethnic groups caused by colonialism in violence and hate,

Recognizing the potential of formerly and currently colonized ethnic groups,

Recognizing the desire for independence felt by some non-sovereign territories,

Seeking a democratic solution for each territory desiring cooperation between governing countries and their respective colonies toward worldwide economic prosperity,

1. Designates the definition of mentor countries as previously decolonized countries that are successful who teach colonies about the process, the aftermath of decolonization, and the benefits;
2. Recommends the UN assist the transitions between colony and country;
3. Requests developed countries to mentor colonies by giving them funding and knowledge;
4. Calls upon the UN to utilize criteria and guidelines for becoming a country and a sovereign state after colonization;
5. Calls upon former colonial powers to invest in their former colonies;
6. Further request citizens in colonies to be equal to citizens in the colonizing country;
7. Encourages a trial be held for war crimes committed in colonies, and should be held accountable in the ICC;
8. Notes that financial investment is not called upon for nations that were decolonized prior to 1/1/1800;
9. Request the UN to hold a summit for former and current colonies to give guidance and learn from each other, as well as hosting workshops on economic management, government strengthening and corruption prevention, and to put in place new trade deals to benefit new nations;

10. Recommends the construction of cultural centers that help people feel intact with their culture by spreading ethnic languages, art forms, music, sports, history, education;
11. Encourages the use of the facilities for education regarding colonization;
12. Encourages private companies to fund centers for education, and in return receive workers that they may train;
13. Requests that colonizers hold referendums for independence in each of their non-self governing territories;
14. Recommends non-sovereign territories to hold binding polls on whether or not to become sovereign;
15. Further recommends that colonial territories with populations below 15 thousand do not hold these referendums;
16. Calls upon the UN to remove territories from the non self-governing territories list if the territory in favor of staying with their colonizer;
17. Encourages former overseers of non self-governing territories to provide disaster preparedness institutions and a five million dollar loan to any former colony of the state seceding after January 1st 2020.