



Resolution GA/2/I.1

General Assembly Second Committee

Co-sponsors: Central African Republic, Islamic Republic of Afghanistan, Republic of Cabo Verde, Hellenic Republic of Greece, United States of America, Mongolia, People's Republic of Bangladesh, Kingdom of Cambodia, Kingdom of Norway, State of Eritrea, Union of the Comoros, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Republic of Djibouti, Belize, Republic of Benin, Republic of Guinea, Republic of Cote d'Ivoire, Republic of Colombia, Republic of Italy, Antigua and Barbuda, Commonwealth of the Bahamas, Republic of Burundi, Republic of Moldova and Hungary, People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, New Zealand, Republic of San Marino, Montenegro, Brazil, Japan, Australia, Canada, Lebanon, El Salvador, Suriname, Guinea-Bissau, Israel, and Burkina Faso

Topic: Protection of global climate for present and future generations of humankind

Fully alarmed by the global temperature rise,

Deeply disturbed by rising sea levels,

Welcoming new forms of renewable energy,

Expressing its gratitude to all past efforts to reduce climate change,

Recognizing the importance of education in global climate change,

Keeping in mind the high price of renewable energy,

I. Requests the use of renewable energy internationally:

- a. Endorses the use of solar panels, hydro electrical power, and geothermal power;
- b. Recommends lowering the price of renewable energy in order to increase availability for poor and developing countries;
- c. Accepts UN funding and International aid (Australia, Japan, USA) with the purpose of increasing availability of renewable energy;

2. Recommends government and non-government organizations to raise awareness on climate change:
 - a. Authorizes the funds of NGO's;
 - b. Considers the use of social media, schools, and other platforms to spread awareness;
 - c. Emphasizes the need for education regarding climate change;
3. Further Proclaims the Implementation of the "Forest Management Action":
 - a. Designates jobs to irrigate the forest soil with the purpose that it will become less likely to catch fire;
 - b. Reaffirms the use of UN funded drones to irrigate areas in cases of wild fires;
4. Encourages the use of scrubbers (machines that clean CO₂, sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxide emissions);
5. Encourages public transportation which is funded by the government to be electric (buses, subways, and trains);
6. Calls upon member states to continuously monitor and regularly analyze the status of the Greenhouse gasses.