



Resolution GA/2/I.1

General Assembly Second Committee

Co-sponsors: Principality of Andorra, Republic of Argentina, Republic of Austria, Barbados, Kingdom of Belgium, Plurinational State of Bolivia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Republic of Chile, Republic of Costa Rica, Republic of Croatia, Republic of Equatorial Guinea, Republic of Fiji, Georgia, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of Iceland, Republic of India, Republic of Indonesia, Republic of Iraq, Ireland, Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, Republic of Kazakhstan, Republic of Kenya, Kyrgyz Republic (Kyrgyzstan), Republic of Latvia, Republic of Liberia, Principality of Liechtenstein, Republic of Madagascar, Republic of Mali, Republic of Malta, Kingdom of Morocco, Republic of the Niger, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Sultanate of Oman, Republic of Rwanda, Republic of Senegal, Kingdom of Spain, Republic of Cyprus, Hungary

Topic: Ensuring access to affordable, reliable, sustainable, and modern energy for all

Believing that everyone should have access to sustainable, reliable, and modern energy,

Deeply concerned about the effects of non-renewable energy and climate change,

Alarmed by the severity of climate change and its effects,

Keeping in mind the financial restrictions binding particular states,

Taking into consideration that people around the world are in poverty partly because of the lack of access to electricity,

Having considered that some developing nations do not have access to some renewable energy sources,

Noting with regret that some countries aren't working together to ensure that everyone has access to reliable, clean, and affordable energy,

Fully aware of the fact that some people cannot afford renewable energy,

Keeping in mind that there are steps that we can take to solve this problem,

Fully aware of past actions by the United Nations on climate change and renewable energy,

Referring to the economic and financial committee of the United Nations,

1. Calling upon member states to assist in funding developing states regarding sustainable, clean renewable, and reliable energy;
2. Further proclaims the establishment of the 4E's Committee;
 - a. UN branch-including missions that provide education assistance to countries about renewable and sustainable energy and resources,
 - b. Trusts countries to collaborate and share developments in the field of renewable energy at 4E's meetings,
 - c. Authorizes the establishment of energy missions to educate the public about renewable energy and its benefits in addition to promoting energy plans to assist getting countries on track to going renewable, through the 4E's,
 - d. Authorizes the implementation of both print and ad campaigns across countries to inform the general public about renewable resources through the 4E's,
 - e. Requests members of the topic of agenda item 19.1 to become delegates in the 4E's branch;
3. Declares accordingly the education and information given to countries by the UN about sustainable energy sources;
4. Endorses collaboration of energy companies, banks, and NGOs (non-governmental organization);
5. Further recommends countries to review and join the Paris Climate Accord;
6. Allows countries to collaborate and share new developments in the field of sustainable, accessible, reliable, and modern energy;
7. Draws attention to the concern of energy, or lack thereof in from developing countries;

8. Call upon the technologically advanced countries to aid in the development of sustainable energy in the developing countries;
9. Recommends that all countries corresponding with the UN in the future reduce their dependence on fossil fuels and increase the use of renewable and clean energy;
10. Emphasizes the limited use of biofuels in place of fossil fuels;
11. Commits to sustainable development goal seven, affordable, reliable, and sustainable energy for all.