



Resolution GA/I/2.1

General Assembly First Committee

Co-sponsors: Islamic Republic of Afghanistan, Republic of Albania, People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, Commonwealth of Australia, Republic of Azerbaijan, Commonwealth of the Bahamas, Kingdom of Belgium, Belize, Republic of Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Republic of Botswana, Federative Republic of Brazil, Kingdom of Cambodia, Canada, Republic of Chile, People's Republic of China, Republic of Colombia, Union of the Comoros, Republic of the Congo, Republic of Croatia, Republic of Cuba, Republic of Cyprus, Republic of Djibouti, Arab Republic of Egypt, Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia, Islamic Republic of the Gambia, Federal Republic of Germany, Holy See, Republic of India, Republic of Indonesia, Islamic Republic of Iran, Japan, Republic of Kazakhstan, State of Kuwait, Swiss Confederation

Topic: The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East

Recognizing and fully supporting all existing treaties and actions that have been taken by the UN and other organizations in regards to nuclear proliferation in the Middle East,

Understanding the use of nuclear energy has led to the existence of nuclear weapons, resulting in many deaths,

Understanding that the safety of civilians in nuclear war zones is a primary concern,

Fully understanding that many countries possess nuclear weapons,

Bearing in mind that the security and well-being of Middle Eastern nations is to be ensured,

Emphasizing the need to prevent nuclear conflict all around the world,

1. Encourages all countries to follow and apply the regulations identified by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA);

2. Encourages all countries in the Middle East to hold an annual summit to discuss all issues and concerns regarding nuclear weapons;
3. Recommends all delegations support and follow existing resolutions and treaties regarding nuclear weapons and nuclear weapon free zones;
4. Further suggests that all countries in the Middle East reduce the stock of nuclear weapons by a specific degree annually;
5. Calls upon countries to reduce the production and usage of all nuclear weapons by signing a bilateral arms agreement;
6. Calls upon all countries to track and monitor the transportation of all nuclear weapons and the materials used to produce them;
7. Requests that all countries improve security by instilling mandatory monthly inspections;
8. Requests a program be implemented for Middle Eastern youth to discuss the effects of nuclear weapons, their nation of residence, and related topics.