

Draft Resolution GA/3/1.1

General Assembly Third Committee

Co-sponsors: Republic of Angola, Federative Republic of Brazil, Republic of Cameroon, Canada, Commonwealth of Dominica, Republic of Ecuador, Republic of El Salvador, Islamic Republic of Mauritania, Republic of Moldova, Republic of Namibia, Federal Republic of Nigeria, Democratic Republic of São Tomé and Príncipe, Republic of Sierra Leone, Republic of Tajikistan.

Topic: Improving the Coordination of Efforts Against Trafficking in Persons

The Committee.

Deeply concerned and aware that women and children are 95% of the victims in human trafficking,

Alarmed by the lack of security concerning refugees and immigrants

Taking into account the need for cooperation with other countries,

Observing the subject of funding into investigations of human trafficking cases,

Recognizing that trafficking of organs is a huge component of human trafficking,

Deeply concerned by the lack of security by member states' border control,

Deeply aware that NGOs are struggling to control the human trafficking issue,

Fully aware that nutritional, sanitary and educational centers and supplies need to be provided to countries as soon as possible,

Fully aware that there are many types of human trafficking, such as; forced marriage, sexual exploitation, organs trafficking, child labor, and (add Nam) domestic slavery,

Aware that in some countries it is legal to own someone,

Fully aware that there are 40.3 million victims globally and that if we don't take action to eliminate human trafficking the number of victims will increase considerably,

Recognizing the importance of getting the victims to provide crucial information and identification of traffickers and mafia,

- Encourages all member states to work together for the abolishment of human trafficking;
- 2. Encourages all countries to raise awareness of human trafficking issues;
- Further recommends that shelter and help centers could be built for survivors and victims of human trafficking;
- 4. Requests that member states tackle the problem of unemployment, as many victims are poor, and are tricked by traffickers, pretending to have a job for the victims;
- 5. Encourages member states (add Nam) to construct infrastructure to improve the living quality of victims that live in underdeveloped countries;
- 6. Reaffirms larger border patrol;
- 7. Requests for better control of poorer areas;
- 8. Authorizes to help legally and sustainably in the donation of human organs in order to abolish and eliminate organ trafficking;
- Requests that NGO create systems such as (add Ecu) jobs for women, help centers or provide self-defense;
- 10. Calls upon member states to support NGOs fighting trafficking in persons;
- 11. Requests all governments to make sure investigations are funded into human trafficking and that all traffickers are taken to court;

- 12. Supports all countries to collaborate on creating consequences and security to the human trafficking situation with the help of the UN;
- 13. Requests all governments provide tighter security for organ donations for hospitals;
- 14. Request an app in order to understand the experiences victims have passed and identify, with their help, the traffickers;
- 15. Calls upon social media companies to raise awareness on human trafficking;
- 16. Encourages schools to educate age-appropriate children on human trafficking;
- 17. Calls upon schools and universities to talk about how to protect themselves from the trauma of trafficking;
- 18. Further requests to implement adequate and consistently applied criminal justice responses that result in the identification and protection of victims and in the prosecution and conviction of traffickers and smugglers;
- 19. Further recommends to train police and criminal justice personnel on the proper procedures to guarantee the safety of victims, protect their privacy, and make it safe for them to testify;
- 20. Reminds authorities to get experts to talk to the victims and make them open up about their experiences.