

Resolution SOCHUM/2/2.1

SOCHUM Second Committee

Co-sponsors: France, Lithuania, Switzerland, Vietnam, Bolivia, New Zealand, Sweden, Thailand, Colombia, Israel, Dominican Republic, North Korea, Ecuador, Venezuela, South Korea, Ecuador, Netherlands, Peru, Uruguay, Djibouti, Germany, Togo, Sierra Leone, Azerbaijan, Japan, Burma, Spain, Senegal, Philippines, UAE, Malaysia, Australia, Uganda, Libya, Egypt, Canada, Ethiopia, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Argentina, Costa Rica, Cuba, France, Ghana, Turkey, Uganda, Russia, Syria, United States of America, Chile, UK

Topic: “Promotion of protection of children”

The SOCHUM Second Committee, draws attention to the fact that there are 70 million children out of school,

Taking into account that children suffer from poverty, lack of (Lithuania) education, and as a result many children suffer to survive,

Noting with deep concern of the increasing rate in child poverty,

Alarmed by the fact that child labor is happening in and around the world,

Deeply disturbed by the use of child soldiers,

Noting with satisfaction all the hard work that the United Nations has done to protect children,

Keeping in mind that children are being kidnapped and/or abused daily,

Deeply concerned that many children are unable to attend schools,

Bearing in mind that most forms of abuse come from parents,

Recognizing that children are forced to work in unsafe conditions,

Realizing the fact that 1,600 children die every day,

Noting with regret that child labor is depriving children of their education,

Draws attention to the fact that 600 million children are in poverty,

Expressing its concern for the amount of children who do not have food,

Aware of the fact that children are being forced into war and marriage,

1. Calls upon all governments to address the problem of poverty;

2. Recommends that all countries establish a law that prohibits marriage and labor under the age of 18;
3. Further requests countries to create healthcare organizations to provide affordable health for families including children;
4. Encourages the creation of food banks for families in poverty;
5. Strongly suggests that schools lower their tuition prices;
6. Recommends the use of shelters for every country or member state that needs them;
7. Requests countries to stop sending children to war;
8. Further recommends NGOs to distribute medications to other countries of the world;
9. Alarmed by children that are malnourished;
10. Encourages NGOs to create recreational and educational programs for children;
11. Expresses its deep concern to offer public schools for children in need;
12. Requests that all clothing is affordable for those in need;
13. Encourages countries to allow women to take time off work if they have young children or are in late pregnancy;
14. Strongly condemns child abuse around the world;
15. Suggests ending poverty by sending food and water to rural areas;
16. Requests that volunteer teachers come to childrens' houses to teach;
17. Further recommends events where the cost of admission goes to child healthcare of those in need;