



**Security Council**

**Co-Sponsors:** Republic of Argentina, Commonwealth of Australia, Canada, Republic of Chad, Republic of France, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of Guatemala, Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, Federal Republic of Nigeria, Islamic Republic of Pakistan, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, Swiss Confederation, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

**Topic: “Nuclear Security”**

Reaffirming the need to act according to the Charter of the United Nations;  
Deeply concerned by the increase, in various regions of the world, of acts of terrorism motivated by intolerance or extremism;  
Calling states to work together urgently to prevent and suppress terrorist acts, including increased cooperation and full implementation of the relevant international conventions relating to terrorism,  
Recognizing the need for States to complement international cooperation by taking additional measures to prevent and suppress, in their territories through all lawful means, the financing and preparation of any acts of terrorism,  
Seeking a better way to develop the nuclear power and deal with the nuclear waste,  
Having heard the voices to reducing the nuclear weapons,  
Keeping in mind that over 2 billion dollars were spent on the creation of the Atomic Bomb (Manhattan Project from 1939 to 1945),

1. Calls upon all states to prevent and suppress the financing of terrorist acts;
2. Encourages all States to refrain from providing any form of support, active or passive, to entities or persons involved in terrorist acts, including suppressing

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the recruitment of members of terrorist groups and eliminating the supply of weapons to terrorists and to deny safe haven to those who finance, plan, support, or commit terrorist acts, or provide safe havens;

3. Calls upon all States to find ways of intensifying and accelerating the exchange of operational information, especially regarding actions or movements of terrorist persons or networks;
4. Declares that acts, methods, and practices of terrorism are contrary to the purposes and principles of the United Nations;
5. Proclaims to establish, in accordance with rule 28 of its provisional rules of procedure, a committee to monitor implementation of this resolution,
6. Further recommends the committee to create a work program, in consultation with the security council within 30 days of implementation
7. Supports unconditional respect of the Non-Proliferation Treaty and imposing sanctions on those who don't;
8. Requests the development of safe nuclear technology for peaceful purposes as soon as possible;
9. Demand that all countries recycle their nuclear waste or dispose of it safely;
10. Recommends the promotion of educational programs worldwide that encourage and support the use of nuclear technology for peaceful purposes.
11. Supports creating an international day for the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and for that day to be the 6<sup>th</sup> of August;

12. Suggests the inspection of countries by the IAEA and for it to report on each country's status on nuclear technology to provide accurate statistics;