



Resolution UNEP/2/1

United Nations Environment Programme

Co-Sponsors: United States, Argentina, China, Australia, Jordan, Bangladesh, Azerbaijan, Ethiopia, Canada, Costa Rica, Rwanda, Japan, Antigua and Barbuda, United Arab Emirates, Nicaragua, India, Egypt, Brazil, Ukraine, and France

Topic: "Biodiversity"

According to reliable data shows that everyday about 100 kinds of biological extinction on the earth, many species are not recognized in the absence of humanity before they perished. Losing some kinds of animals and their habitats is the most significant things we need to pay attention,

Recognizing that each people have responsibilities to save biodiversity. In 1993, the International Community ratified the Convention on Biological Diversity,

Appreciating the International community ratify the Convention on Biological Diversity,

Endorsing members of the United Nations sign the Strategic Plan for Biodiversity and agreed to the Aichi Targets,

Emphasizing the United Nations declare 2011-2020 to be the Decade of Biodiversity,

Noting local NGOs have been established to slow and eventually reverse biodiversity loss,

Reaffirming the United Nations establish the Millennium Development Goals, Goal 7 is to ensure environmental sustainability, particularly “reduce biodiversity loss”,

1. Encourages countries to realize the biodiversity’s importance, strengthen publicly appealed for conservation of natural habitats, set up a special publicity department, and especially against to some countries which don’t attach importance to environmental;
2. Appreciates that member nations offer monetary incentives to encourage business to preserve natural habitats;
3. Looks forward to set up the environmental protection army to protect natural areas, penalties for some countries with serious damage to the environment;
4. Starts from education, teaching courses to increase environmental protection explanation, causing children’s attentions on conservation;
5. Calls upon countries to create marine national parks or other forms of protection;
6. Desires the reforestation of previously deforested land;
7. Encourages the cooperation with non-governmental organizations, in order to strengthen the protection of various natural habitats;
8. Creates more institutions concerning protecting our Earth’s biodiversity and also practicing how to use our resources but in a sustainable way; and
9. Sets the International community targets the establishment and implementation of a new development pattern for less developed countries, which should prevent the irreversible loss of their natural resources.