



United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

Topic: “Rights of Internally Displaced Persons”

Co-Sponsors: Republic of Angola, Republic of Argentina, Commonwealth of Australia, Republic of Azerbaijan, People’s Republic of Bangladesh, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Republic of Chad, People’s

Republic of China, Republic of Colombia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Republic of Cote d’Ivoire, Republic of Croatia, Republic of Cuba, Republic of El Salvador, Republic of France, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of Guatemala, Republic of Indonesia, Republic of Iraq, State of Israel, Republic of Italy, Japan, Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, Libya, Kingdom of the Netherlands, Federal Republic of Nigeria, Republic of Poland, Romania, Russian Federation, Republic of Rwanda, Republic of Senegal, Republic of Sierra Leone, Republic of South Africa, Republic of South Sudan, Republic of the Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Republic of Turkey, Republic of Uganda, United States of America, Socialist Republic of Viet Nam and Republic of Yemen.

UNHCR understands that internal displacement is mostly caused by war, natural disasters, and industrial disasters, and is a pressing issue which desperately needs a solution,

Affirming that all humans are entitled to food, water, shelter, health care, and education,

Believing that citizens have a right to remain in their homelands,

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Noting with regret that there are over 28.2 million IDPs, which is 1/25,000 of the total population,

Having considered that IDPs are often racially discriminated against and socially ostracized,

Keeping in mind that IDPs are still under their governments' rules, even if the government was the cause of their displacement,

Deeply concerned with the lack of basic necessities for IDPs,

Alarmed by the inhumanity with which IDPs are treated,

Fully aware that IDPs need proper shelter until they may return home,

1. Calls upon other countries and NGOs to help IDPs;
2. Further requests building housing and schools for IDPs;
3. Emphasizes the need for monitoring centers to track IDPs so they may get the supplies they need such as in the case of natural disasters;
4. Encourages IDPs to become reintegrated into society;
5. Approves employment training for IDPs so they may support themselves and their families;
6. Considers holding fundraising activities such as food drives, sports activities including runs, and bake sales all over the world to for the building of schools, medical centers, and community homes or shelters; Supports healthcare for IDPs;
7. Encourages NGOs to provide medical assistance;
8. Calls upon nations to provide emotional therapy for IDPs;

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9. Stresses the importance of properly educating IDP children;
10. Calls for governments to understand and respect the needs and rights of IDPs;
11. Expresses its hope for the donation of school supplies and books for IDP children;
12. Recommends one day every year during which fairs are held in many countries, and 100% of the proceeds will go toward helping IDPs.