



Resolution Economic and Social Council/I.I

Economic and Social Council

Co-sponsors: Republic of Angola, Kingdom of Belgium, Kingdom of Bhutan, Republic of Colombia, Republic of Cyprus, Commonwealth of Dominica, Republic of El Salvador, Republic of Moldova, Republic of Namibia, Federal Republic of Nigeria, Democratic Republic of São Tomé and Príncipe, Republic of Seychelles, Republic of Tajikistan

Topic: Advancement of Women

The Committee,

Deeply concerned that one in three women suffer physical violence at the hands of men in their life,

Bearing in mind that research has shown that once you have more gender equality in society it tends to improve the economy without much additional work being done,

Taking note that there are less female figures in the world of politics and that this affects gender equality,

Deeply disturbed by the fact that forced child marriage still exists in many countries,

Alarmed by the fact that women do three times more unpaid housework than men,

Viewing with appreciation the Convention against Discrimination in Education in the belief that education is a fundamental right regardless of gender,

1. Recommends the UN encourages companies to provide equal pay to both genders;
2. Further requests organizations made by the UN (International) to make speeches and help create education on women's rights;

- a. Encourages politicians to add the topic of gender equality into their speeches and campaigns,
 - b. Provide psychological support to rape victims;
3. Supports women to do equal housework with men;
4. Encourages countries to place economic sanctions on other countries that do not respect women's rights;
5. Proclaims that women should be given more opportunities such as jobs;
6. Calls upon people around the world to protest and speak out about this issue;
7. Encourages governments to impose harsh penalties on people who violate women's rights;
8. Requests improved schooling due to the amount of girls that never complete their school educations;
 - a. Including complete school education for women;
9. Supports using television, online platforms and social media to teach and spread more data about women's rights;
10. Calls upon more developed countries to try to find ways to speed up the demographic transition in less developed countries;
11. Requests more female representation in the government and establishing a minimum percentage of men and women in a country's government;
12. Calls for countries to collaborate in increasing women's rights education by establishing educational programs;
 - a. Equality should be taught in schools

- b. Raising awareness from a really early age (perhaps grade 3) through schools in order to promote an inclusive mindset
- c. Education programs for those convicted of domestic violence offenses so that they will not be repeat offenders.