GA/2/2.1

General Assembly Second Committee
Co-Sponsors: Czech Republic
Democratic Peoples republic of Korea ,Dominican Republic ,Federative Republic of Brazil
,Islamic Republic of Afghanistan ,Islamic Republic of Iran ,Japan ,Kingdom of Denmark
,Kingdom of Lesotho ,Kingdom of the Netherlands ,Kingdom of Sweden ,New Zealand
,Oriental Republic of Uruguay ,Republic of Burundi ,Republic of Ecuador ,Republic of
Finland ,Republic of Iceland ,Republic of India ,Republic of Kazakhstan ,Republic of Korea,
Republic of Lebanon ,Republic of Mauritius ,Republic of Mozambique ,Republic of Peru
, Republic of Poland ,Romania ,Russian Federation ,Slovak Republic ,State of Israel ,State
of Qatar ,Ukraine ,United States

Topic: “Sustainable Development—Disaster Risk Reduction”

Having considered the relationship between climate change and the frequency of natural
disasters,

Taking into account the severity of natural disasters and the effects they can have on
communities,

Convinced that everybody is vulnerable to any natural disasters, and that everybody can do
something to solve this,

Working with the 2030 Sendai Framework for disaster risk reduction plans and ideas,

Fully aware that having sustainable infrastructure will improve everyone’s daily lives,

Draws attention to the importance of fixing and maintaining infrastructure in rural areas,

Taking into consideration the important role of coordinated disaster risk reduction activities,

Fully aware of the many developing countries that are affected by natural disasters,

Taking into consideration the needs of developing countries when it comes to natural disasters,

Aware of the various natural disasters that occur in different regions based on geography,climate, etc.,

Deeply conscious of the fact that women and girls are fourteen times more likely to die due to
natural disasters,

Fully aware of the lack of time for preparation during natural disasters in developing countries,
1. Encourages schools to perform drills that rehearse strategies for what to do in the event of all hazards;
2. Calls upon nations to update their architecture and infrastructure so they will be safer from disasters;
3. Requests countries to secure special funds for basic needs;
4. Recommends warning systems for all countries so they can be alerted of natural hazards;
5. Requests that nations help and protect each other in the event of a natural disaster;
6. Encourages schools and families to teach children about pollution and its relation to natural disasters;
7. Expresses its hope that all women are provided with sufficient training and preparation for natural disasters through humanitarian initiatives;
8. Calls upon developed countries to send help to developing countries after a natural disaster;
9. Recalling organizations and groups who are already created to do more and to be involved;
10. Request the UN to advise a self evaluation on how many people have been affected by recent disasters and provide aid to them;
11. Calls upon a worldwide charity fund that is designated to the research of natural disasters;
12. Recommends countries to supply their citizens with resources for example rafts, first aid kits, flashlights, food, water, batteries, and whistles;
13. Seeking authorities to receive proper training for natural hazards;
14. Approves of partnering with large corporations in order to raise awareness on disaster reduction using commercials, billboards, etc.;