Resolution UNSC/1.1

Committee: United Nations Security Council (UNSC)
Co-sponsors: Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Republic of Chad, Republic of France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.
Topic: Situation in the Democratic People’s of the Congo

Noting that complying with the actions stated in article 41 such as complete or partial interruption of economic relations and of rail, sea, air, postal telegraphic, radio, and other means of communication and the severing of diplomatic relations, maybe inadequate when dealing with DRC rebels and measures outlined in 42 such as demonstrations, blockades, and other operations by air, land, or sea may have to be enacted the united nations security council,

Reaffirming the Lusaka Cease Fire agreement of 1998, which dictates that all countries within the region halt all violence against each other, still stands,

Fully aware that as of 2015 over 2.8 million civilians have been displaced due to the situation in the DRC,

Alarmed by the violent actions taken by the rebel groups that have emerged as a result of the conflict,

Taking into account that MONUSCO and the intervention brigade has been placed into the DRC, with the purpose of helping it achieve stability

Acknowledges that minorities found in the DRC, feel unrepresented and uninvolved in the government,

Deeply concerned by the fact that 98% of the minerals sold by the DRC are being smuggled out by rebels, which in turn causes the DRC to lose potential profit whilst additionally funding rebel groups,

Recognizing that thousands of DRC refugees have been leaving due to the instability;

1. Encourages the placement of new and improved infrastructure with the purpose of civilian welfare and increased stability within the DRC such as, but not limited to:
   a) Schools
   b) Hospitals
   c) Mental institutions
   d) Prisons

2. Recommends countries to support the DRC in ways such as
   a) Providing financial aid to purposes such as:
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I. Education
II. Health
b) Sending troops to train and strengthen the DRC’S military capability;

3. Emphasizes that the amount of force used against rebels during the event of a violent attack against the DRC, will be determined by the government;

4. Calls upon developed countries to receive a certain amount of the displaced population until the DRC is found to be in an adequate situation for refugees to be reintegrated;

5. Strongly supports the trial of rebel groups who are willing to cooperate:
   a) If found guilty, punishment shall be determined by the severity of the war crimes that have been committed
   b) If innocent, proceed with the following initiatives:
      I. Disarm
      II. Educate
      III. Suggest that the rebels are granted citizenship

6. Urges countries to temporarily withdraw financial and military support from groups who aid the DRC rebels;

7. Requests for a DRC envoy to communicate with rebel representatives, in order to develop a system in which all groups are represented in the government;

8. Further recommends the DRC to go forward with the following steps to improve its mining sector:
   a) Increase transparency for the following reasons:
      I. Customers are more informed
      II. Countries may assist the DRC in organizing and decentralizing its mining industry
   b) Increase taxes and royalties in order to allow the DRC to gain more of its deserved profit, acquired by its mining industry

9. Strongly suggests the use of sports, arts and music programs for the purpose of reuniting fractured societies, promoting multi-cultural understanding, and preventing other sectarian conflicts in the DRC.