Resolution SC/A/1

**Security Council “A”**

**Sponsors:** Russian Federation, Mexico, Libya, Vietnam, Austria, Turkey, United States of America, United Kingdom, Japan, Uganda and Costa Rica.

**Signatories:** China and France.

**Topic:** Non–Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMDs) and North Korea

The Security Council, *Aware of* the issue of Weapons of Mass Destruction in the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea, their production of nuclear weapons and the testing of these nuclear weapons,

*Fully alarmed* that this matter is serious as it can cause other countries to go nuclear,

*Considering* that the goal of this resolution is for Democratic People’s of Korea to stop production and dismantle their nuclear weapons,

*Recognizes* that the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea have separated themselves from the regulations that the Non Proliferation Treaty (NPT) have put forth,

*Fully believing* that the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea should become a signatory again,

*Confident that* this can be done by negotiation and trade embargoes,

The Security Council,

1. *Encourages* negotiation with every country represented equally and fairly;

2. *Notes* that the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea will be promised economic and/or security compensation;

3. *Further proclaims* that the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea will be condemned to a trade embargo (prohibiting chemicals, nuclear supplies, uranium, certain types of machinery used to develop nuclear weapons and other weapons) of four months if they do not comply to resume negotiations;

4. *Requests* that any country that traffics these materials illegally towards and from the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea be reprimanded with a similar trade embargo of two months or longer if needed;

5. *Reminds* that no military actions should be taken against the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea;

6. *Recommends* that the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea immediately allow the International Atomic Energy Association (IAEA) to inspect the areas in order to verify that the nuclear program is being stopped and weapons dismantled;
7. *Authorizes* that the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea to continue their nuclear energy program;

8. *Recommends* that the Six Party Talks initiate again;

9. *Realizes* that by controlling the exportation of materials it will be difficult for countries and terrorist groups to get nuclear weapons and use them.
Security Council “A”  
**Sponsors:** Russian Federation, Japan, Mexico, Costa Rica, Croatia, Uganda, China, Turkey, Vietnam, United States of America, United Kingdom, France and Libya  
**Topic:** The Situation in the Middle East

The Security Council,

*Realizing* that the situation in the Middle East has been a major problem for over 50 years in the Security Council alone,

*Believing* that MDG goal number eight, Global Partnership, will not be achieved by 2015 if Israeli, Palestinian, and Arab people are still in this conflict,

*Alarmed by the fact* that there have been more than 7,000 deaths have occurred since September 29, 2000 and 29 resolutions have been passed in the last five years,

*Noting with regret* that there have been many failed attempts including Road Map for Peace, Taba Summit, Oslo Accords, and Camp David Summit,

*Keeping in mind* that Jerusalem is one of the prime factors of the Situation in the Middle East,

The Security Council,

1. *Supports* the reinstatement of the Trusteeship Council to fully give the Palestinian people their independence;

2. *Calls for* a reinstatement of the past cease fires between Israeli, Palestinian, and Arab people;

3. *Requests* that both the West Bank and Gaza Strip be converted to an independent Palestinian Nation;

4. *Requests* that the UN take ownership of Jerusalem, but it is run by a joint council of Palestinians, Israelis, and five permanent members of the UN Security Council;

   A. 5 Israelis elected to the council, by Israelis citizens.  
   B. 5 Palestinians elected to the council, by Palestinian citizens.  
   C. The 5 permanent members of the Security Council.  
   D. Jerusalem is owned by the UN, but the Joint Council runs the city.  
   E. The council is a democracy under these terms:  
      1. Majority wins.  
      2. Voting is anonymous.
F. The responsibilities of this council are:
   1. To keep the city running.
   2. To make laws.
   3. To settle major disputes.
   4. To preserve the holy relics.

G. The power of the council is to:
   1. To make laws and enforce them.

H. Each joint council member (excluding the UN council members) serves a two year term, and can be re-elected once;

5. *Further recommends* that once Palestinian people have their independence we continue with plans to create economic projects that will promote cooperation between Israel, Palestine, and Arab people;

6. *Encourages* all forces to withdraw and all violence to cease;

7. *Approve* the presence of more UN Peacekeepers in the area especially in Jerusalem;

8. *Calls upon* the UN to reestablish to fully give Palestine their independence;

9. *Emphasizes* its hope for equal rights in both countries, meaning they share land and water rights.